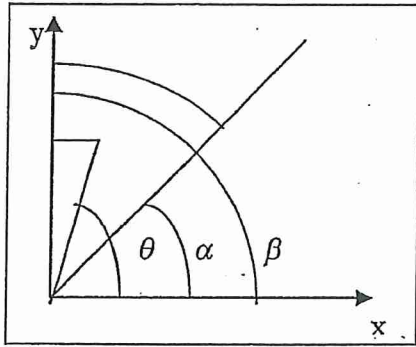


SECTOR CIRCULAR



$$I_y = \int_M x^2 dm$$

$$dm = \sigma r dr d\theta$$

$$I_y = \sigma \int r^3 \cos^2 \theta dr d\theta$$

$$I_y = \sigma \int_0^R r^3 dr \int_\alpha^\beta \cos^2 \theta d\theta$$

$$\int \cos^2 \theta d\theta = \frac{1}{2} \theta + \frac{1}{4} \text{Sen} 2\theta$$

$$I_y = \sigma \frac{R^4}{4} \left[\frac{1}{2} (\beta - \alpha) + \frac{1}{4} (\text{Sen} 2\beta - \text{Sen} 2\alpha) \right]$$

$$\sigma = \frac{M}{A} \Rightarrow A = \int_0^R r dr \int_\alpha^\beta d\theta = \frac{R^2}{2} (\beta - \alpha)$$

$$I_x = \int_M y^2 dm = \sigma \int_0^R r^3 dr \int_\alpha^\beta \text{Sen}^2 \theta d\theta = \sigma \frac{R^4}{4} \left[\frac{1}{2} (\beta - \alpha) - \frac{1}{4} (\text{Sen}^2 \beta - \text{Sen}^2 \alpha) \right]$$

$$\int \text{Sen}^2 \theta = \frac{1}{2} \theta - \frac{1}{4} \text{Sen} 2\theta$$

$$I_z = \sigma \frac{R^4}{4} (\beta - \alpha)$$

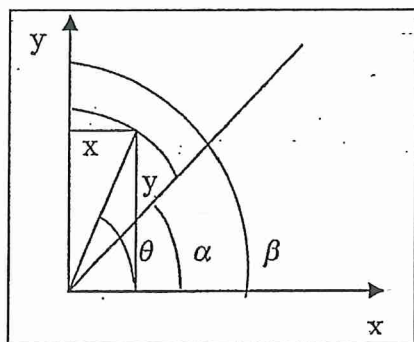
$$C_z = \sigma \int y x r d\theta dr$$

$$C_z = \sigma \int_0^R r^3 dr \int_\alpha^\beta \text{Sen} \theta \text{Cos} \theta d\theta = \sigma \frac{R^4}{4} (\text{Sen}^2 \beta - \text{Sen}^2 \alpha) \frac{1}{2}$$

$$C_z = \sigma \frac{R^4}{8} (\text{Sen}^2 \beta - \text{Sen}^2 \alpha)$$

$$\sigma = \frac{M}{A}$$

PORCIÓN DE ARO



$$I_y = \lambda R^3 \int_{\alpha}^{\beta} \cos^2 \theta d\theta$$

$$\int \cos^2 \theta d\theta = \frac{1}{2} \theta + \frac{1}{4} \text{Sen} 2\theta$$

$$I_y = \lambda R^3 \left[\frac{1}{2} [\beta - \alpha] + \frac{1}{4} (\text{Sen} 2\beta - \text{Sen} 2\alpha) \right]$$

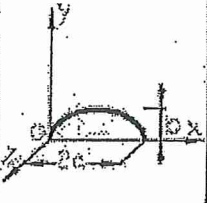
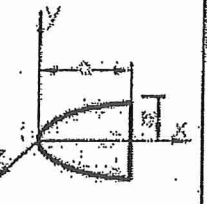
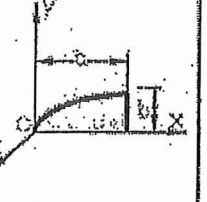
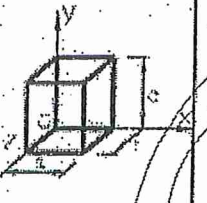
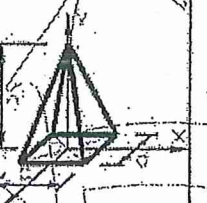
$$\lambda = \frac{M}{L}; L = R \int_{\alpha}^{\beta} d\theta = R(\beta - \alpha)$$

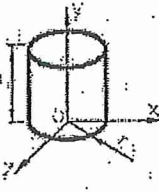
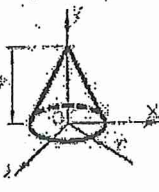
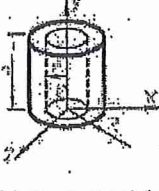
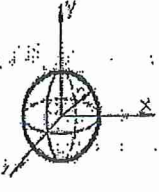
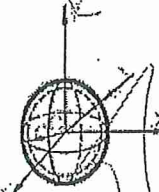
$$I_x = \lambda R^3 \left[\frac{1}{2} (\beta - \alpha) - \frac{1}{4} (\text{Sen} 2\beta - \text{Sen} 2\alpha) \right]$$

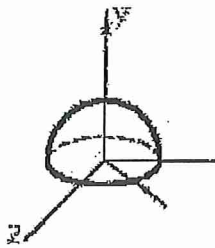
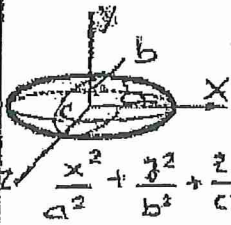
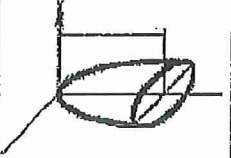
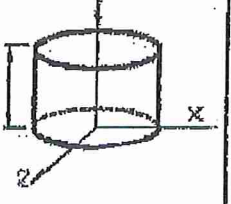
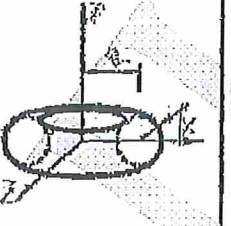
$$I_z = \lambda R^3 (\beta - \alpha)$$

$$C_z = \lambda R^3 \int_{\alpha}^{\beta} \cos \theta \text{Sen} \theta d\theta$$

$$C_z = \frac{\lambda R^3}{2} (\text{Sen}^2 \beta - \text{Sen}^2 \alpha)$$

Sólido	Longitud-Area-Volumen	Masa y baricentra	Momentos de inercia	Productos de inercia
SEMIELIPSE 	$S = \frac{\pi ab}{2}$	$m = \frac{\rho \pi ab}{2}$ $X = a$ $Y = \frac{4b}{3\pi}$ $Z = 0$	$I_x = \frac{mb^2}{4}$ $I_y = \frac{5}{4} ma^2$ $I_z = \frac{m}{4} [5a^2 + b^2]$	$P_{xy} = \frac{4}{3} m \frac{ab}{\pi}$ $P_{xz} = 0$ $P_{yz} = 0$
PARABOLA 	$S = \frac{4}{3} ab$	$m = \rho \frac{4}{3} ab$ $X = \frac{3}{5} a$ $Y = 0$ $Z = 0$	$I_x = \frac{mb^2}{5}$ $I_y = \frac{3}{7} ma^2$ $I_z = m \left[\frac{3}{7} a^2 + \frac{b^2}{5} \right]$	$P_{xy} = 0$ $P_{xz} = 0$ $P_{yz} = 0$
SEMI-PARABOLA 	$S = \frac{2}{3} ab$	$m = \rho \frac{2}{3} ab$ $X = \frac{3}{5} a$ $Y = \frac{3}{8} b$ $Z = 0$	$I_x = \frac{mb^2}{5}$ $I_y = \frac{3}{7} ma^2$ $I_z = m \left[\frac{3}{7} a^2 + \frac{b^2}{5} \right]$	$P_{xy} = \frac{m}{4} ab$ $P_{xz} = 0$ $P_{yz} = 0$
PRISMA 	$S = 2(ab+ac+bc)$ $V = abc$	$m = \rho abc$ $X = a/2$ $Y = b/2$ $Z = c/2$	$I_x = \frac{m}{3} (b^2 + c^2)$ $I_y = \frac{m}{3} (a^2 + c^2)$ $I_z = \frac{m}{3} (a^2 + b^2)$	$P_{xy} = \frac{m}{4} ab$ $P_{xz} = \frac{m}{4} ac$ $P_{yz} = \frac{m}{4} bc$
PIRAMIDE 	$V = \frac{1}{3} abh$	$m = \rho \frac{1}{3} abh$ $X = 0$ $Y = 0$ $Z = h/4$	$I_x = \frac{m}{20} (b^2 + 2h^2)$ $I_y = \frac{m}{20} (a^2 + b^2)$ $I_z = \frac{m}{20} (a^2 + 2h^2)$	$P_{xy} = 0$ $P_{xz} = 0$ $P_{yz} = 0$

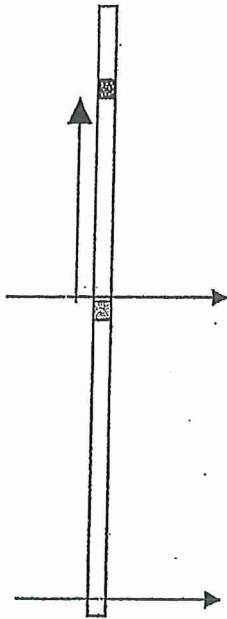
Sólido	Longitud-Area-Volumen	Masa y baricentro	Momentos de inercia	Productos de inercia
CILINDRO 	$S = 2\pi rh + 2\pi r^2$ $V = \pi r^2 h$	$m = \rho \pi r^2 h$ $X = 0$ $Y = h/2$ $Z = 0$	$I_x = \frac{m}{12} (3r^2 + 4h^2)$ $I_y = \frac{1}{2} m r^2$ $I_z = \frac{m}{12} (3r^2 + 4h^2)$	$P_{xy} = 0$ $P_{xz} = 0$ $P_{yz} = 0$
CONO 	$S = \pi r \sqrt{r^2 + h^2} + \pi r^2$ $V = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$	$m = \frac{1}{3} \rho \pi r^2 h$ $X = 0$ $Y = h/4$ $Z = 0$	$I_x = \frac{m}{20} (3r^2 + 2h^2)$ $I_y = \frac{3}{10} m r^2$ $I_z = \frac{m}{20} (3r^2 + 2h^2)$	$P_{xy} = 0$ $P_{xz} = 0$ $P_{yz} = 0$
TUBO CILINDRICO 	$S = 2\pi h(R+r) + 2\pi(R^2 - r^2)$ $V = \pi h(R^2 - r^2)$	$m = \rho \pi h(R^2 - r^2)$ $X = 0$ $Y = h/2$ $Z = 0$	$I_x = \frac{m}{12} (3R^2 + 3r^2 + 4h^2)$ $I_y = \frac{1}{2} m (r^2 + R^2)$ $I_z = \frac{m}{12} (3R^2 + 3r^2 + 4h^2)$	$P_{xy} = 0$ $P_{xz} = 0$ $P_{yz} = 0$
ESFERA 	$S = 4\pi r^2$ $V = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$	$m = \frac{4}{3} \rho \pi r^3$ $X = 0$ $Y = 0$ $Z = 0$	$I_x = \frac{2}{5} m r^2$ $I_y = \frac{2}{5} m r^2$ $I_z = \frac{2}{5} m r^2$	$P_{xy} = 0$ $P_{xz} = 0$ $P_{yz} = 0$
ESFERA HUECA 	$S = 4\pi(R^2 + r^2)$ $V = \frac{4}{3} \pi (R^3 - r^3)$	$m = \rho \frac{4}{3} \pi (R^3 - r^3)$ $X = 0$ $Y = 0$ $Z = 0$	$I_x = \frac{2}{5} m \frac{R^5 - r^5}{R^3 - r^3}$ $I_y = \frac{2}{5} m \frac{R^5 - r^5}{R^3 - r^3}$ $I_z = \frac{2}{5} m \frac{R^5 - r^5}{R^3 - r^3}$	$P_{xy} = 0$ $P_{xz} = 0$ $P_{yz} = 0$

Sólido	Longitud-Area-Volumen	Masa y baricentro	Momentos de inercia	Productos de inercia.
SEMIESFERA 	$S=2\pi r^2$ $V=\frac{2}{3}\pi r^3$	$m=\rho \frac{2}{3}\pi r^3$ $X=0$ $Y=3/8 r$ $Z=0$	$I_x=\frac{2}{5}mr^2$ $I_y=\frac{2}{5}mr^2$ $I_z=\frac{2}{5}mr^2$	$P_{xy}=0$ $P_{xz}=0$ $P_{yz}=0$
ELIPSOIDE 	$V=4/3 \pi abc$ $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$	$m=\rho \frac{4}{3}\pi abc$ $X=0$ $Y=0$ $Z=0$	$I_x=\frac{m}{5}(b^2+c^2)$ $I_y=\frac{m}{5}(a^2+c^2)$ $I_z=\frac{m}{5}(a^2+b^2)$	$P_{xy}=0$ $P_{xz}=0$ $P_{yz}=0$
PARABOLOIDE 	$V=\pi abc$	$m=\rho \pi abc$ $X=2/3 a$ $Y=0$ $Z=0$	$I_x=\frac{m}{6}(b^2+c^2)$ $I_y=\frac{m}{6}(3a^2+c^2)$ $I_z=\frac{m}{6}(3a^2+b^2)$	$P_{xy}=0$ $P_{xz}=0$ $P_{yz}=0$
CILINDRO ELIPTICO 	$V=\pi abh$	$m=\rho \pi abh$ $X=0$ $Y=h/2$ $Z=0$	$I_x=\frac{m}{12}(3b^2+4h^2)$ $I_y=\frac{m}{4}(a^2+b^2)$ $I_z=\frac{m}{12}(3a^2+4h^2)$	$P_{xy}=0$ $P_{xz}=0$ $P_{yz}=0$
TORO 	$S=4\pi^2 Rr$ $V=2\pi^2 Rr^2$	$m=\rho 2\pi^2 Rr^2$ $X=0$ $Y=0$ $Z=0$	$I_x=\frac{m}{8}(4R^2+5r^2)$ $I_y=m\left(R^2+\frac{3}{4}r^2\right)$ $I_z=\frac{m}{8}(4R^2+5r^2)$	$P_{xy}=0$ $P_{xz}=0$ $P_{yz}=0$

11.5 KASU BEREZIAK

Adibide moduan, jarraian ohizko sistema materialen inertzia momentuak azalduko dira.

11.5.1 M masako eta L luze den barra.

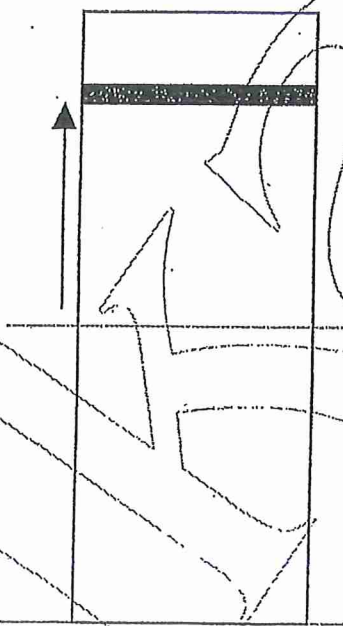


$$I_G = I_y = I_{xy} = \int z^2 dm = \rho \int_{-L/2}^{L/2} z^2 dz = \frac{ML^2}{12}$$

$$\rho = \frac{M}{L}$$

$$I_O = I_y = I_{x'y'} = M \cdot \left(\frac{L}{2}\right)^2 + I_G = \frac{ML^2}{3}$$

11.5.2 M masako eta b luzerako laukizuzena.

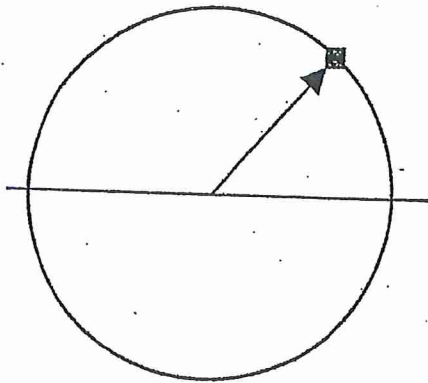


$$I_y = I_{xy} = \int z^2 dm = \rho \int_{-b/2}^{b/2} z^2 \cdot a \cdot dz = \frac{Mb^2}{12}$$

$$\rho = \frac{M}{a \cdot b}$$

$$I_{y'} = I_{x'y'} = M \cdot \left(\frac{b}{2}\right)^2 + I_y = \frac{Mb^2}{3}$$

11.5.3 M masako eta R erradioko aroa.

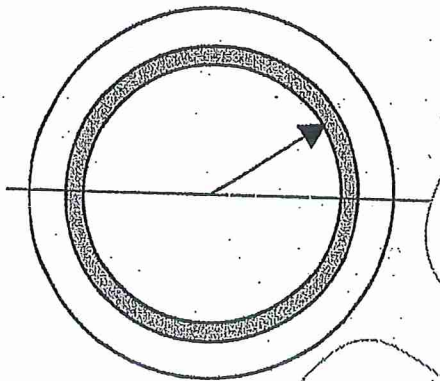


$$I_O = \int R^2 dm = MR^2$$

$$\rho = \frac{M}{2\pi R}$$

$$I_y = I_{xy} = \frac{MR^2}{2}$$

11.5.4 M masako eta R erradioko zirkulua.

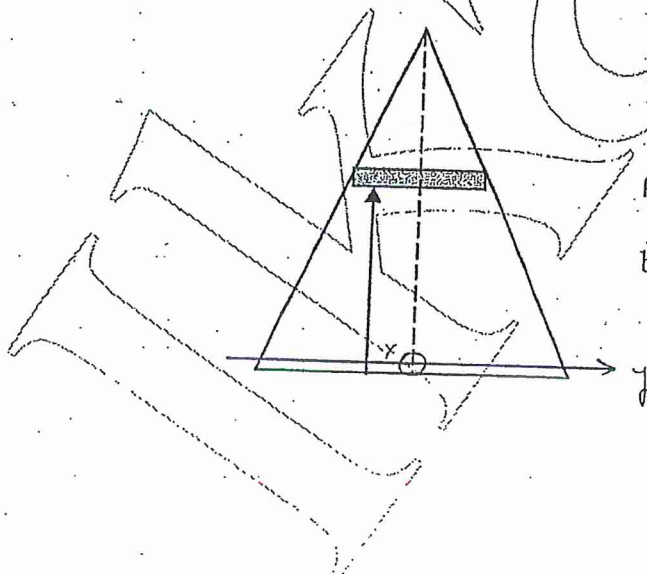


$$I_O = \int r^2 dm = \int_0^R r^2 \rho 2\pi r dr = \frac{MR^2}{2}$$

$$\rho = \frac{M}{\pi R^2}$$

$$I_y = I_{xy} = \frac{MR^2}{4}$$

11.5.5 M masako eta H altuerako triangelua.

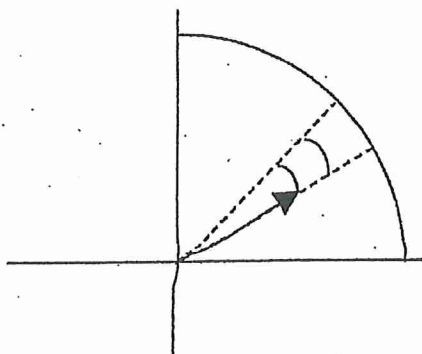


$$I_y = I_{xy} = \int z^2 dm = \rho \int_0^H z^2 \cdot b \cdot dz = \frac{MH^2}{6}$$

$$\rho = \frac{2M}{B \cdot H}$$

$$b = \frac{B \cdot (H - z)}{H}$$

11.5.6 M masako eta R erradioko zirkulu laurdena.



$$I_o = \int r^2 dm = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_0^R r^2 \rho r d\theta dr = \frac{MR^2}{2}$$

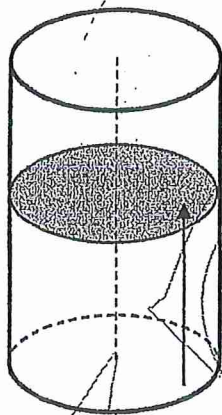
$$\rho = \frac{4M}{\pi R^2}$$

$$I_y = I_{xy} = \frac{MR^2}{4}$$

$$C_x = \int r^2 dm = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_0^R r^2 \rho r d\theta dr = \frac{MR^2}{2\pi}$$

$$\rho = \frac{4M}{\pi R^2}$$

11.5.7 M masako, R erradioko eta H altuerako zilindroa.



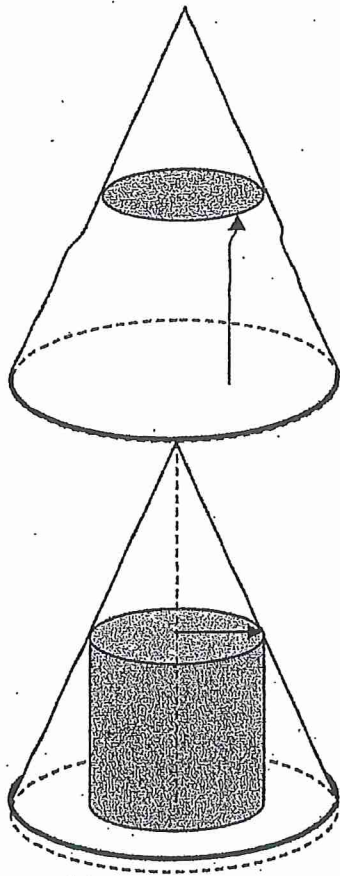
$$I_{xy} = \int z^2 dm = \rho \int_0^H z^2 A dz = \frac{MH^2}{3}$$

$$\rho = \frac{M}{A \cdot H}$$

$$I_z = \frac{MR^2}{2}$$

Oinarriko planoarekiko inertzia momentua, bere formaren menpeko ez da eta ondorioz edozein prisma zuzenen inertzia momentua zilindroarenaren berdina izango da.

11.5.8 M masako, R erradioko eta H altuerako konoa.



$$I_{xy} = \int z^2 dm = \rho \int_0^H z^2 \cdot \pi \left(\frac{R \cdot (H-z)}{H} \right)^2 \cdot dz = \frac{MH^2}{10}$$

$$\rho = \frac{3M}{\pi R^2 \cdot H}$$

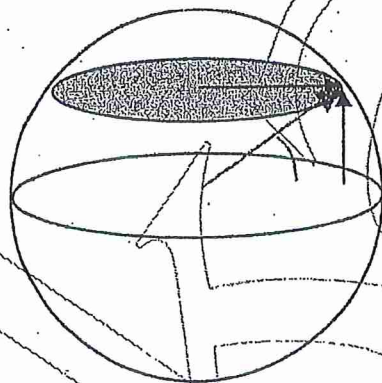
$$r = \frac{R \cdot (H-z)}{H}$$

$$I_c = \int r^2 dm = \rho \int_0^R r^2 \cdot 2\pi r \cdot z \cdot dr = \frac{3MR^2}{10}$$

$$\rho = \frac{3M}{\pi R^2 \cdot H}$$

$$z = \frac{H \cdot (R-r)}{R}$$

11.5.9 R erradioko eta M masako esfera.



$$I_{xx} = \int z^2 dm = \rho \int_0^H (R \cdot \sin \theta)^2 \cdot \pi (R \cdot \cos \theta)^2 \cdot dz = \frac{MR^2}{5}$$

$$\rho = \frac{3M}{4\pi R^3}$$

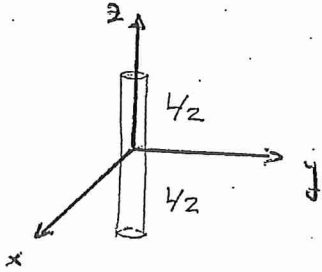
$$r = R \cdot \cos \theta$$

$$z = R \cdot \sin \theta$$

$$dz = R \cdot \cos \theta d\theta$$

Momentos de inercia

+ VARILLA

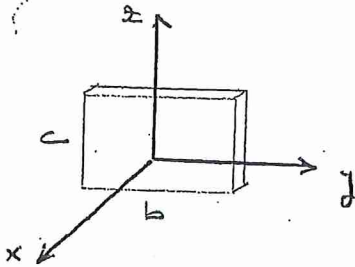


$$I_{xy} = \frac{1}{12} ML^2$$

$$I_{yz} = 0$$

$$I_{zx} = 0$$

+ PLACA DELGADA

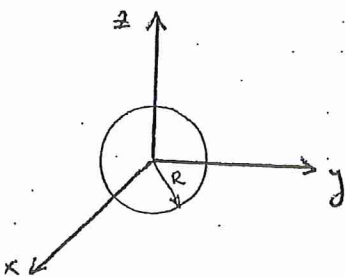


$$I_{xy} = \frac{1}{12} Mc^2$$

$$I_{yz} = 0$$

$$I_{zx} = \frac{1}{12} Mb^2$$

+ DISCO DELGADO

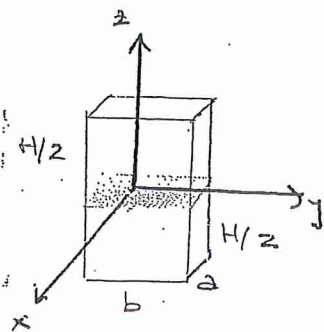


$$I_{xy} = \frac{1}{4} MR^2$$

$$I_{yz} = 0$$

$$I_{zx} = \frac{1}{4} MR^2$$

+ PRISMA



$$I_{xy} = \frac{1}{12} Ma^2$$

$$I_{xy} = \int_{\text{prisma}} z^2 dv = \frac{M}{abc} \int_0^c z^2 ab dz = \frac{1}{6} Mc^2$$

$$I_{yz} = \frac{1}{12} Mb^2$$

$$I_{zx} = \frac{1}{12} Mb^2$$

$$I_x = \frac{1}{6} M(b^2 + c^2)$$

$$I_y = \frac{1}{6} M(a^2 + c^2)$$

$$I_z = \frac{1}{6} M(a^2 + b^2)$$

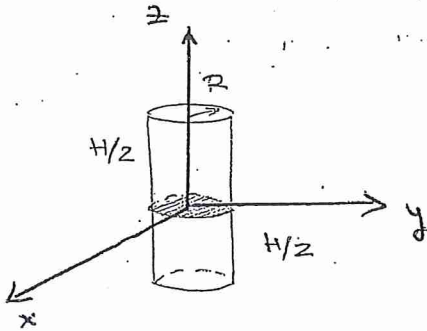
$$I_0 = \frac{1}{6} M(a^2 + b^2 + c^2)$$

$$C_z = \int_{\text{prisma}} xy dv = \frac{M}{abc} \int_0^b y dy \int_0^a x dx = \frac{1}{4} Macb$$

$$C_x = \frac{Mbc}{4}$$

$$C_y = \frac{Mca}{4} \quad \text{AD} \quad C_{xg} = C_{yg} = C_{zg} = 0$$

+ CILINDRO



$$I_{xy} = \frac{1}{12} MH^2$$

$$I_{yz} = \frac{1}{4} MR^2$$

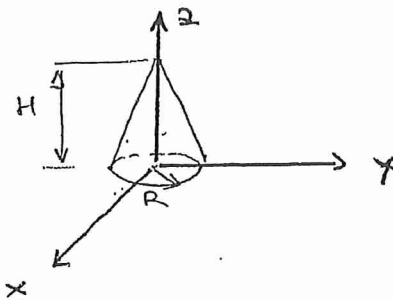
$$I_{zx} = \frac{1}{4} MR^2$$

SIMETRICA $I_{yz} = I_{zx}$

$$I_x = \int_{vol} r^2 dv = \frac{M}{\pi R^2 H} \int_0^R r^2 2\pi r H dr = \frac{1}{2} MR^2$$

$C_x = C_y = C_z = 0$ SIMETRICA

+ CONO



$$I_{xy} = \frac{1}{10} MH^2$$

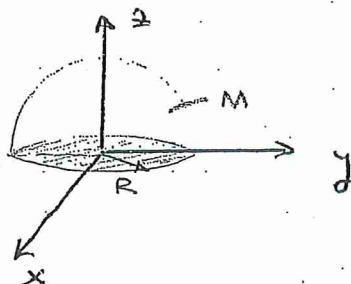
$$I_{yz} = \frac{3}{20} MR^2$$

$$I_{zx} = \frac{3}{20} MR^2$$

$$I_x = \int_{vol} r^2 dv = \frac{3M}{\pi R^2 H} \int_0^R r^2 2\pi r H \left(1 - \frac{r}{R}\right) dr = \frac{3}{10} MR^2$$

$C_x = C_y = C_z = 0$ SIMETRICA

+ SEMIESFERA



$$I_{xy} = \frac{1}{5} MR^2$$

$I_{xy} = I_{yz} = I_{zx}$
SIMETRICA RESPECTO OX, OY

$$I_{yz} = \frac{1}{5} MR^2$$

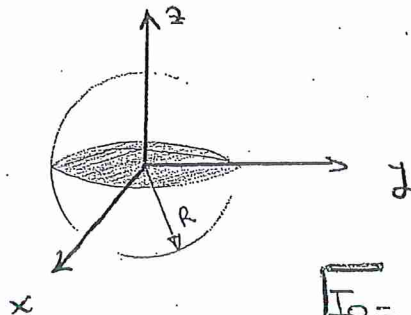
$$C_x = C_y = C_z = 0$$

$$I_{zx} = \frac{1}{5} MR^2$$

$$I_{xy} \text{ esfera} = I_{xy} \text{ semiesfera} + I_{xy} \text{ semiesfera}$$

$$I_{xy} \text{ semiesfera} = \frac{1}{2} I_{xy} \text{ esfera} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{2MR^2}{5} = \frac{1}{5} MR^2$$

+ ESFERA



$$I_{xy} = \frac{1}{5} MR^2$$

$$I_{xx} = \int z^2 dm = \rho \int_0^R (2\pi r \sin\theta)^2 dz = \frac{MR^2}{3}$$

$$I_{yz} = \frac{1}{5} MR^2$$

$$I_{zx} = \frac{1}{5} MR^2$$

$$I_o = \int_{esfera} r^2 dv = \frac{3M}{4\pi R^3} \int_0^R r^2 4\pi r^2 dr = \frac{3}{5} MR^2$$

+ SIMETRICA RESPECTO SU CENTRO

$$I_{xy} = I_{yz} = I_{zx} = \frac{1}{5} MR^2$$

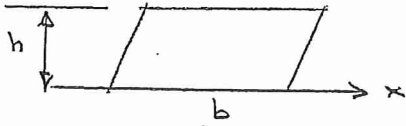
$$I_x = I_y = I_z = I_{yz} + I_{zx} = \frac{2}{5} MR^2$$

+ SIMETRICA RESPECTO PLANOS DIAMETRALES

$$C_x = C_y = C_z = 0$$

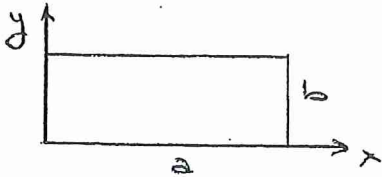
Momentos Segundos

+ PARALELOGRAMO



$$I_x = \frac{1}{3} b h^3$$

+ RECTANGULO

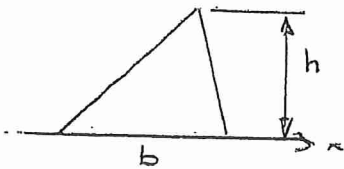


$$I_x = \frac{1}{3} a b^3$$

$$I_y = \frac{1}{3} a^3 b$$

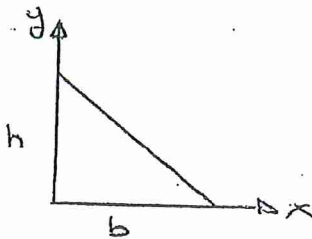
$$C_x = \frac{1}{4} a^2 b^2$$

+ TRIANGULO ESCALENO



$$I_x = \frac{1}{12} b h^3$$

+ TRIANGULO RECTANGULO

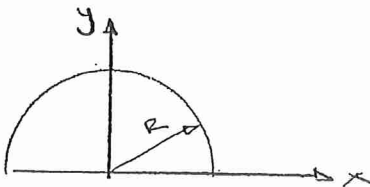


$$I_x = \frac{1}{12} b h^3$$

$$I_y = \frac{1}{12} b^3 h$$

$$C_x = \frac{1}{24} b^2 h^2$$

+ SEMICIRCULO



$$I_x = \frac{1}{8} \pi R^4$$

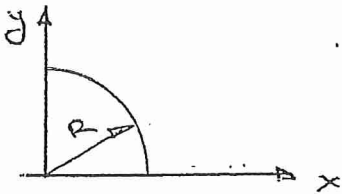
$$I_y = \frac{1}{8} \pi R^4$$

$$C_x = 0$$

OCTANTE ESFERA (volumen $dxdydz$)

$$C_x = \int_{\text{octante}} x y \, dv = \frac{GM}{\pi R^3} \int_0^R dz \int_0^{\sqrt{R^2-z^2}} y \, dy \int_0^{\sqrt{R^2-y^2-z^2}} x \, dx = \frac{2}{5\pi} MR^2$$

4 QUADRANTE CIRCOLO

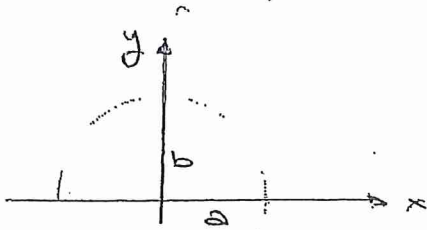


$$I_x = \frac{1}{16} \pi R^4$$

$$I_y = \frac{1}{16} \pi R^4$$

$$C_x = \frac{1}{8} R^4$$

4 SEMIELIPSE

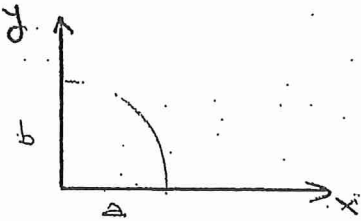


$$I_x = \frac{1}{8} \pi a b^3$$

$$I_y = \frac{1}{8} \pi a^3 b$$

$$C_x = 0$$

4 QUADRANTE ELLIPSE



$$I_x = \frac{1}{16} \pi a b^3$$

$$I_y = \frac{1}{16} \pi b^3 a$$

$$C_x = \frac{1}{8} a^2 b^2$$

4 ELLIPSOIDE

$$I_{xy} = \frac{1}{5} M c^2$$

$$I_x = \frac{1}{5} M (b^2 + c^2)$$

$$I_{yz} = \frac{1}{5} M a^2$$

$$I_y = \frac{1}{5} M (a^2 + c^2)$$

$$I_{zx} = \frac{1}{5} M b^2$$

$$I_z = \frac{1}{5} M (a^2 + b^2)$$

$$I_0 = \frac{1}{5} M (a^2 + b^2 + c^2)$$

- Octante

$$C_x = ab \left(\frac{2}{5\pi} M \right) = \frac{2}{5\pi} M ab$$