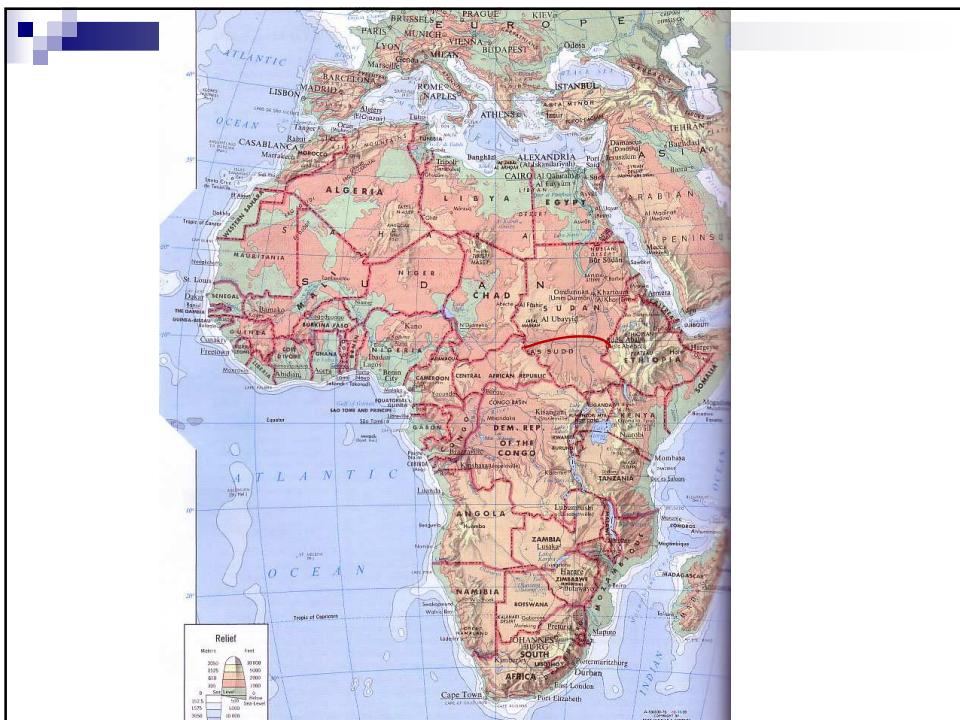
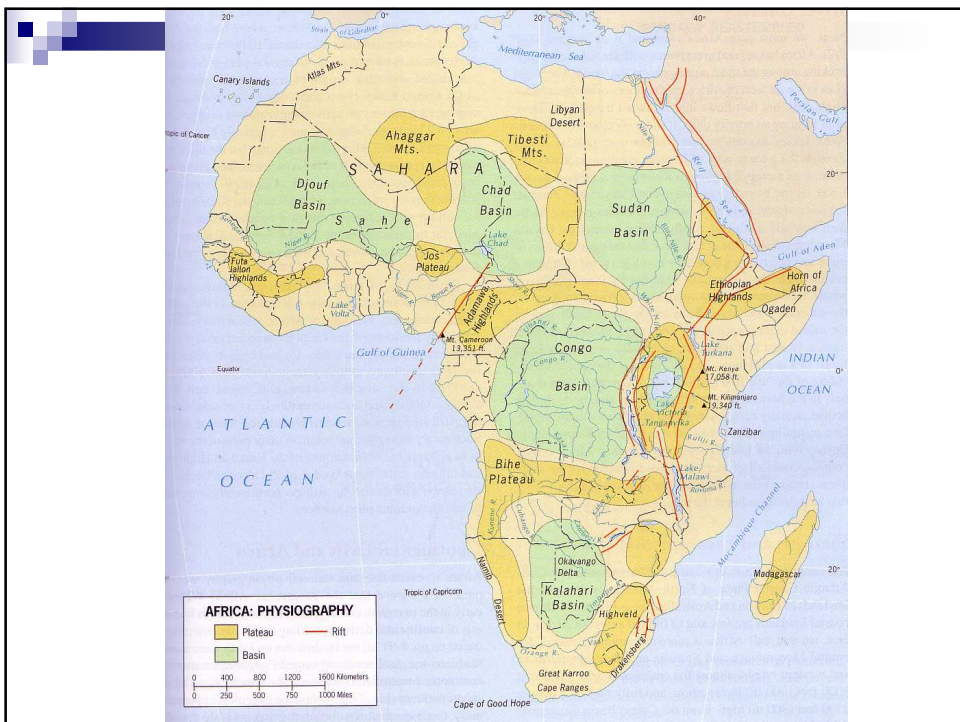
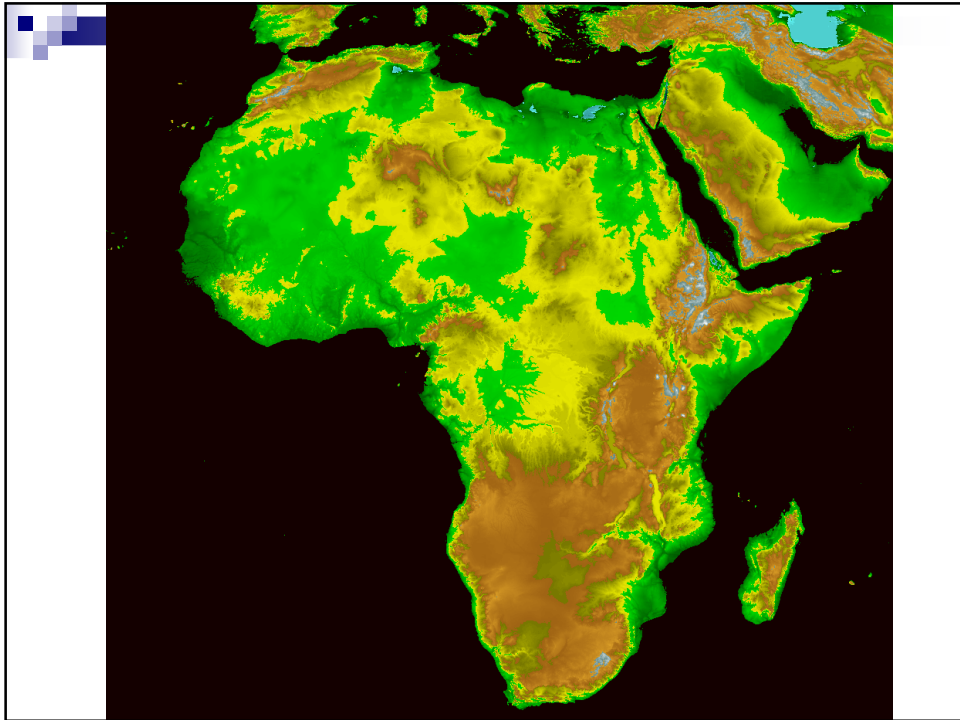


# AFRIKA

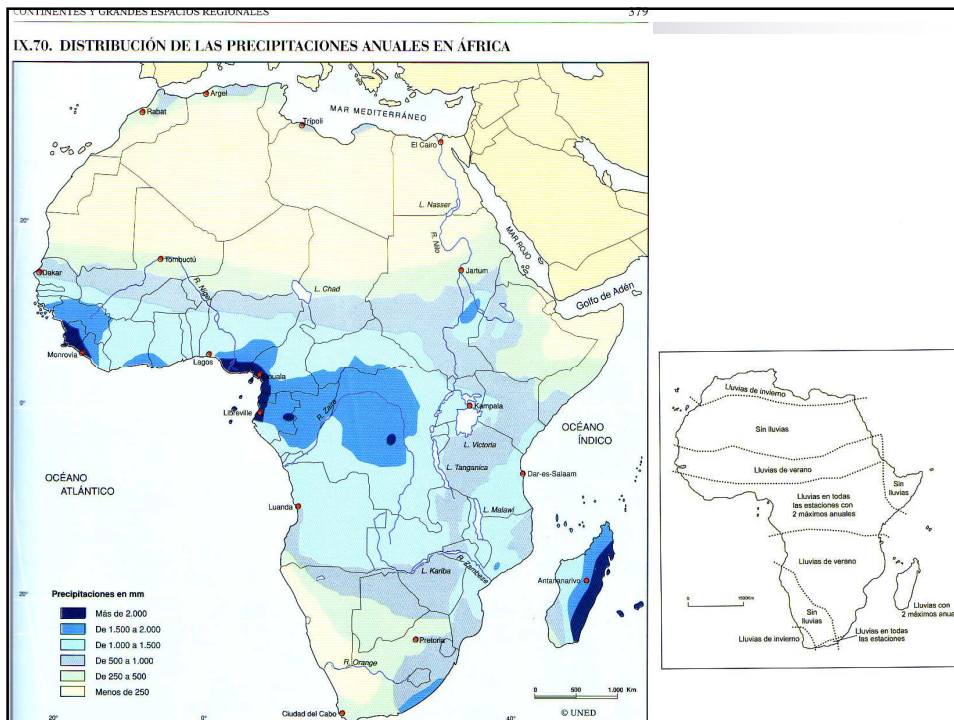
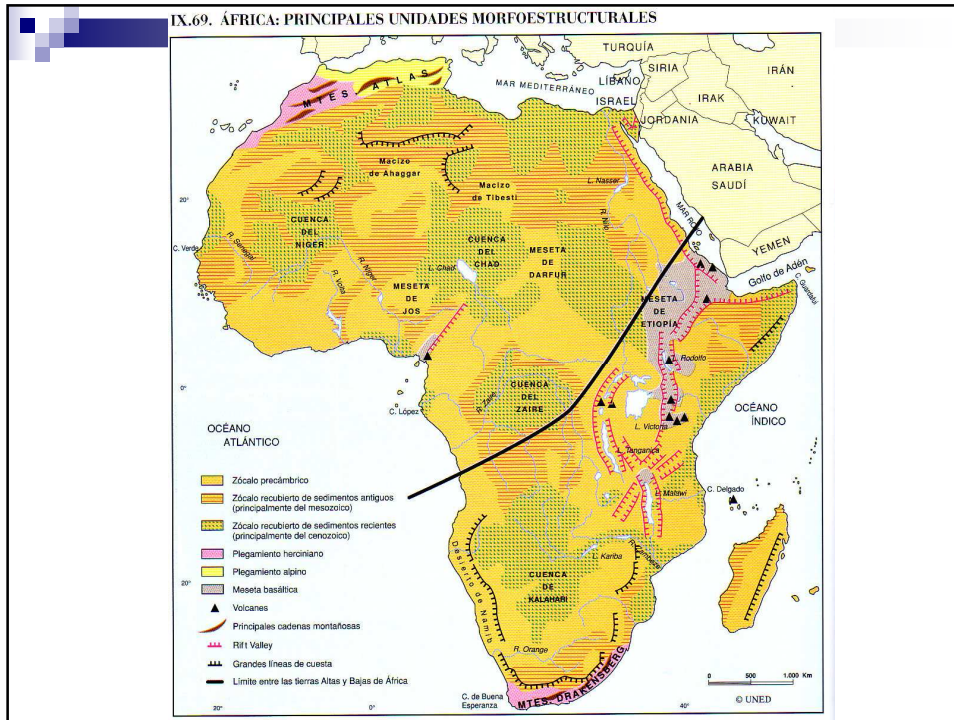




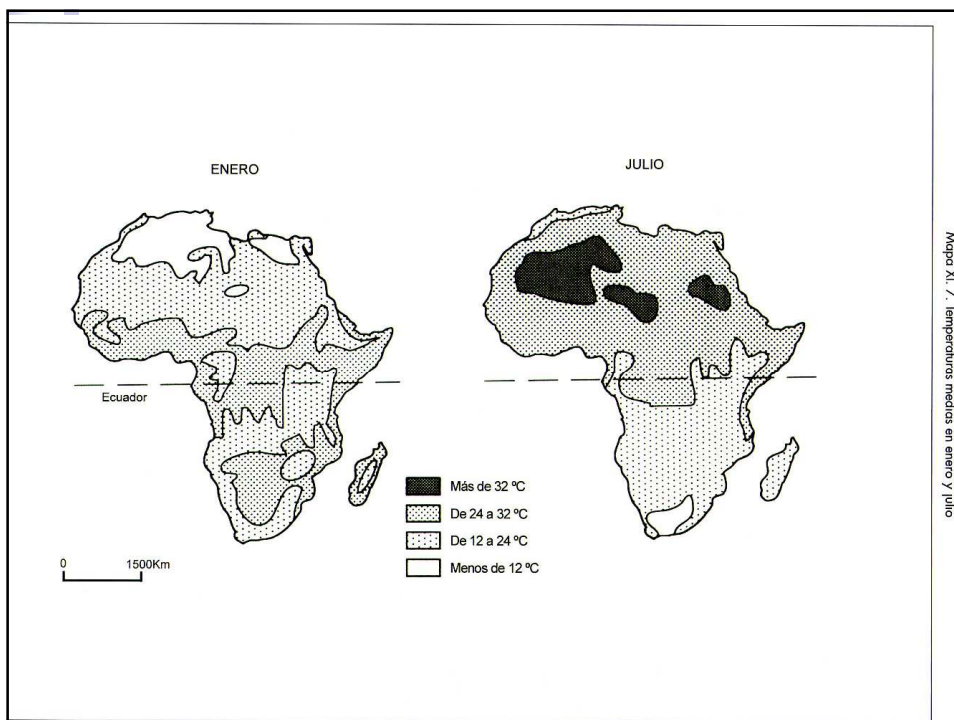
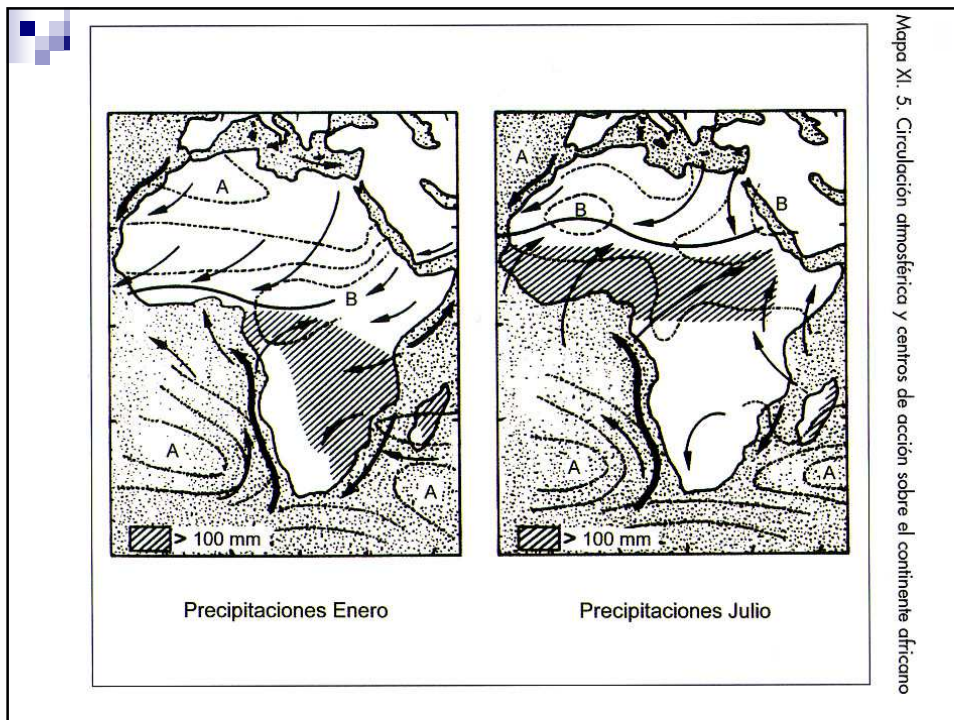
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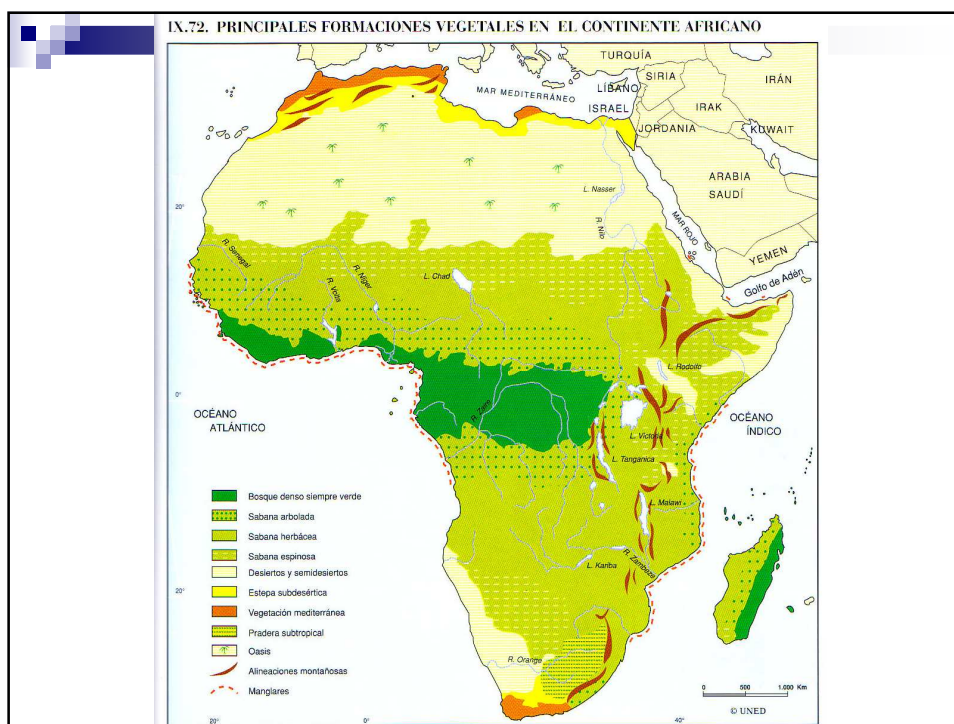
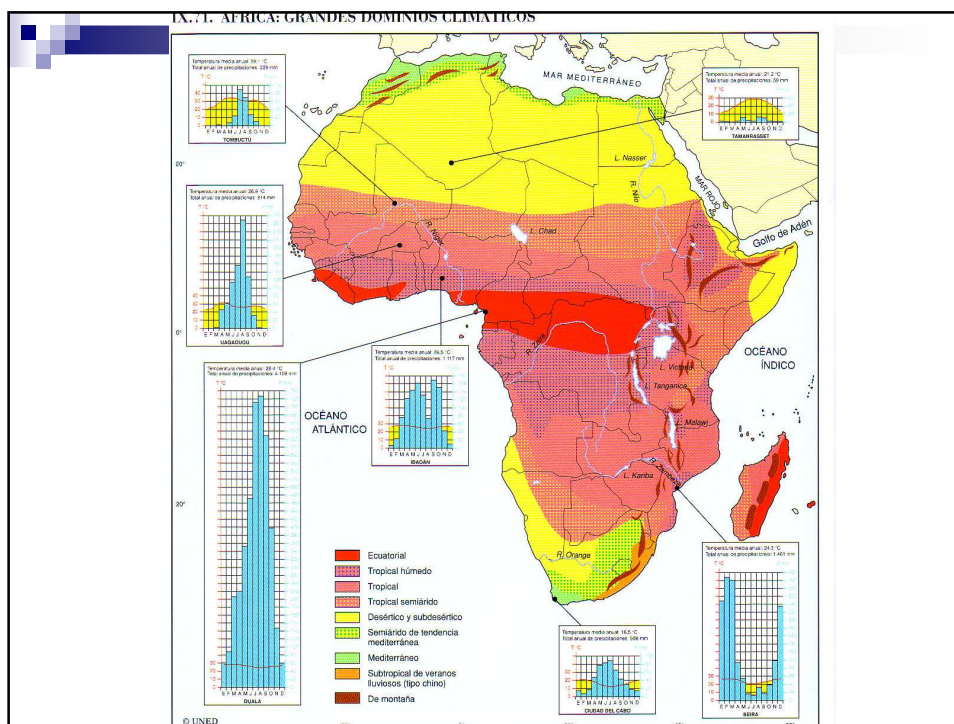


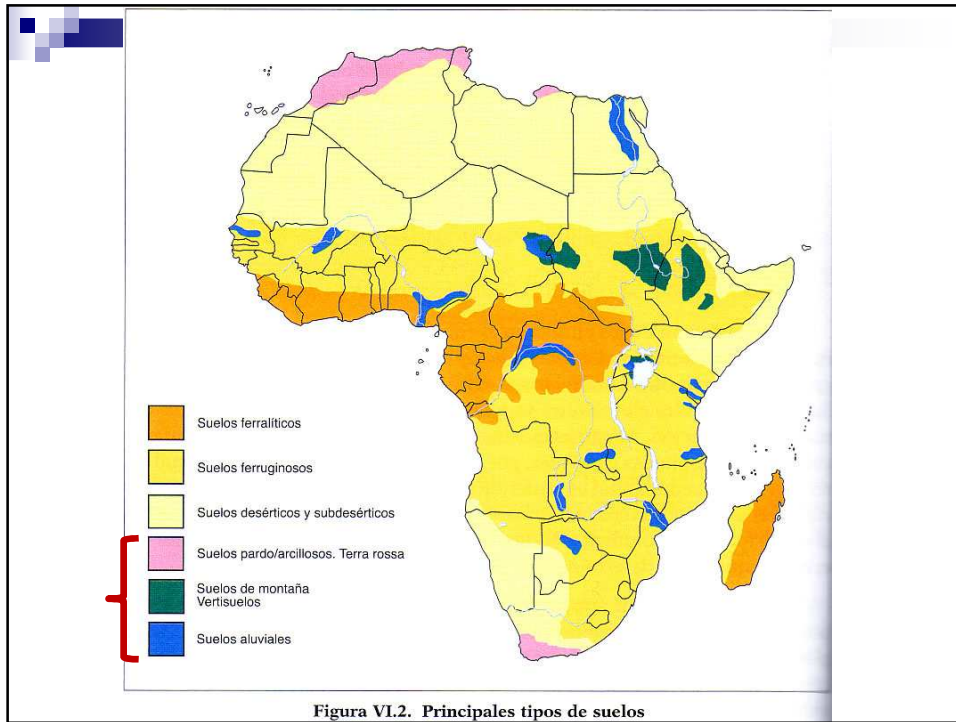






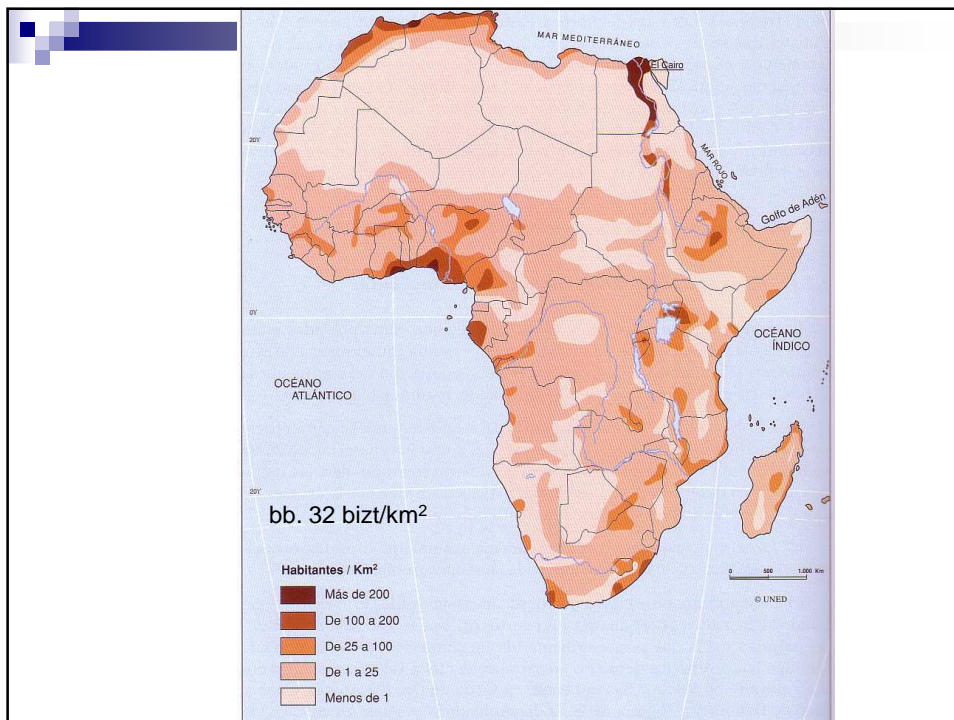
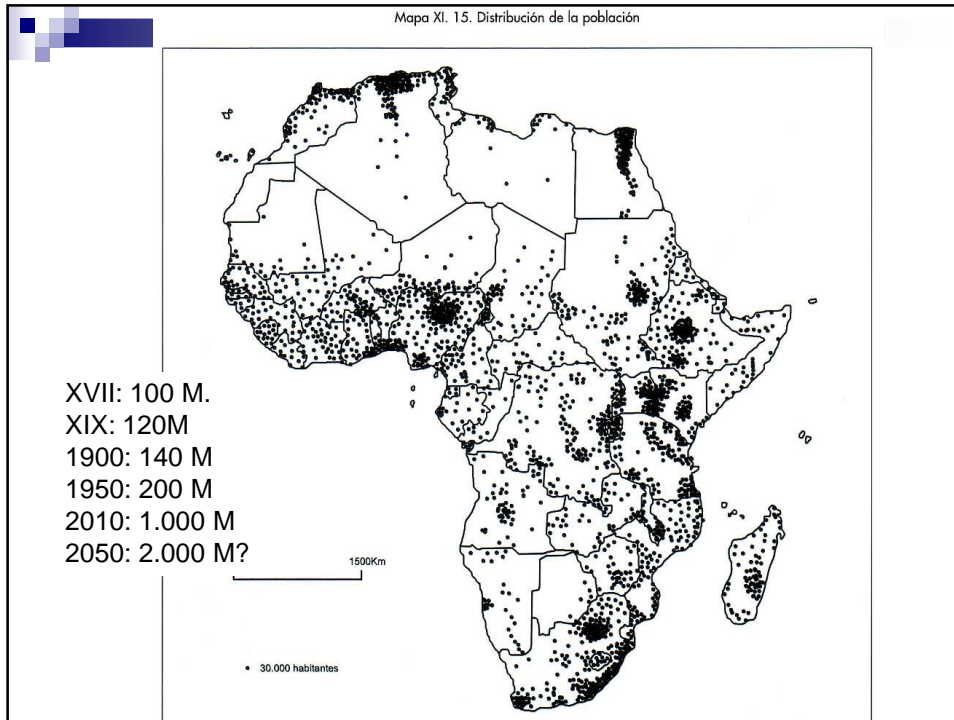






# POPULAZIOA

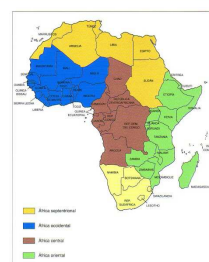




**Cuadro VI.1. Población por grandes regiones (2009) y población proyectada (2025, 2050) (millones)**

	2008	2025	2050
África	967	1.358	1.932
África Subsahariana	809	1.161	1.698
África Septentrional	197	251	307
África Occidental	291	419	616
África Oriental	301	440	641
África Central	122	189	306
África Meridional	55	59	62

Fuente: Population Reference Bureau.



**Cuadro VI.2. Natalidad, mortalidad y crecimiento natural por grandes regiones (2008)**

	Nacimientos por 1.000 hab.	Muertes por 1.000 hab.	Tasa de crecimiento natural (%)
África	37	14	2,4
África Subsahariana	41	16	2,5
África Septentrional	26	7	1,9
África Occidental	42	15	2,7
África Oriental	41	15	2,5
África Central	46	18	2,8
África Meridional	24	8	0,8

Ug.t.= 5

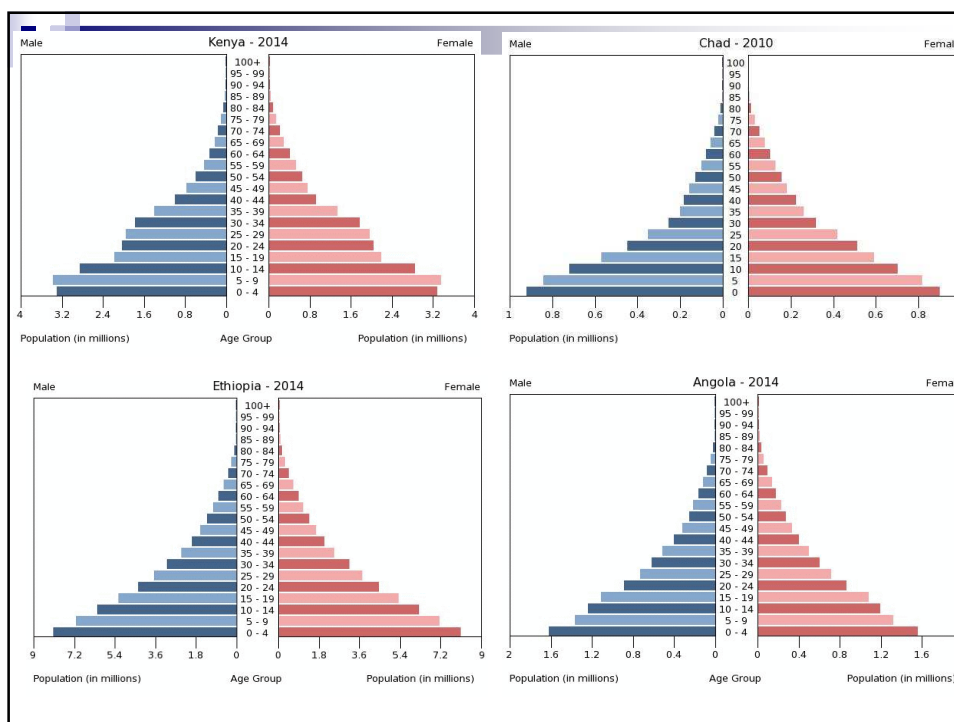
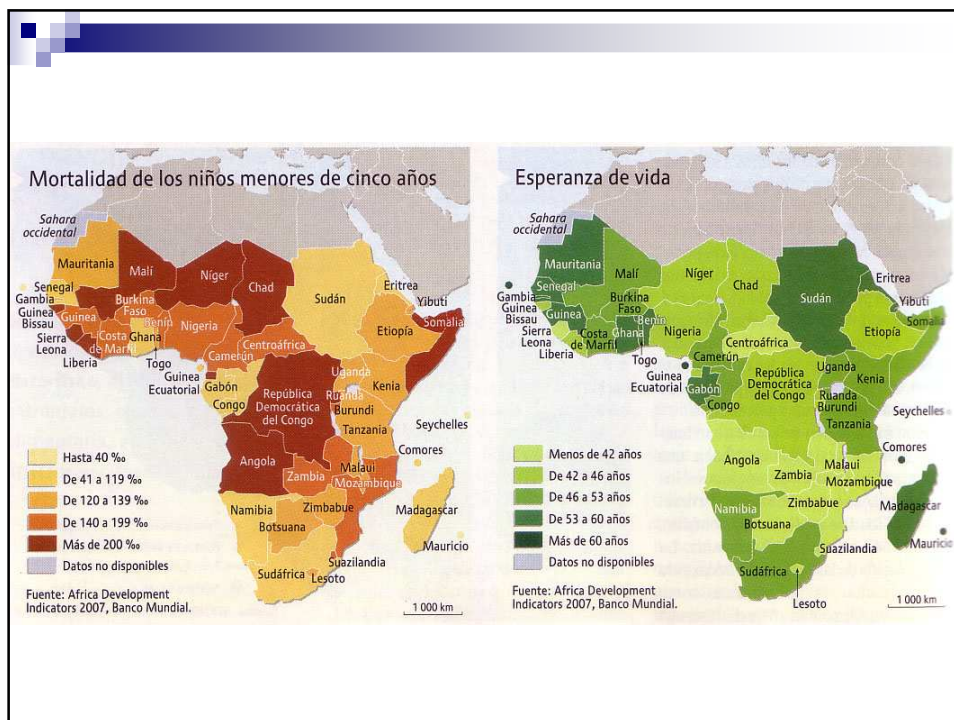
Fuente: Population Reference Bureau.

**Cuadro VI.3. Los diez países con menor esperanza de vida en el mundo (2008)**

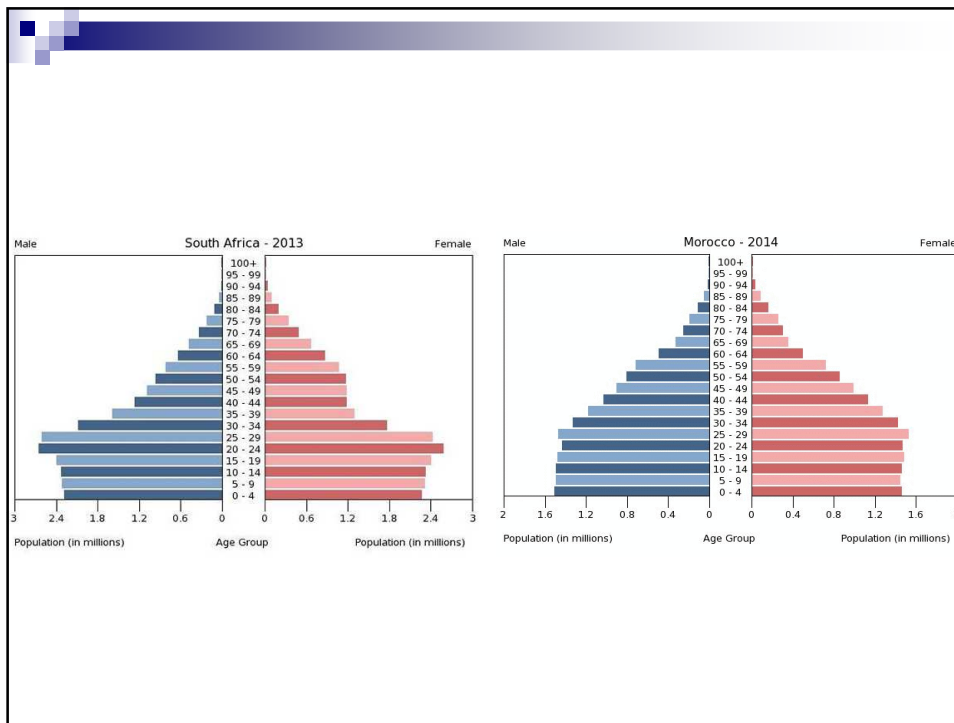
bb= 54

Swazilandia	33	Mozambique	43
Lesotho	36	Rep. Centroafricana	43
Zambia	38	Angola	43
Zimbabwe	40	Malawi	46
Afganistán	42	Botswana	47

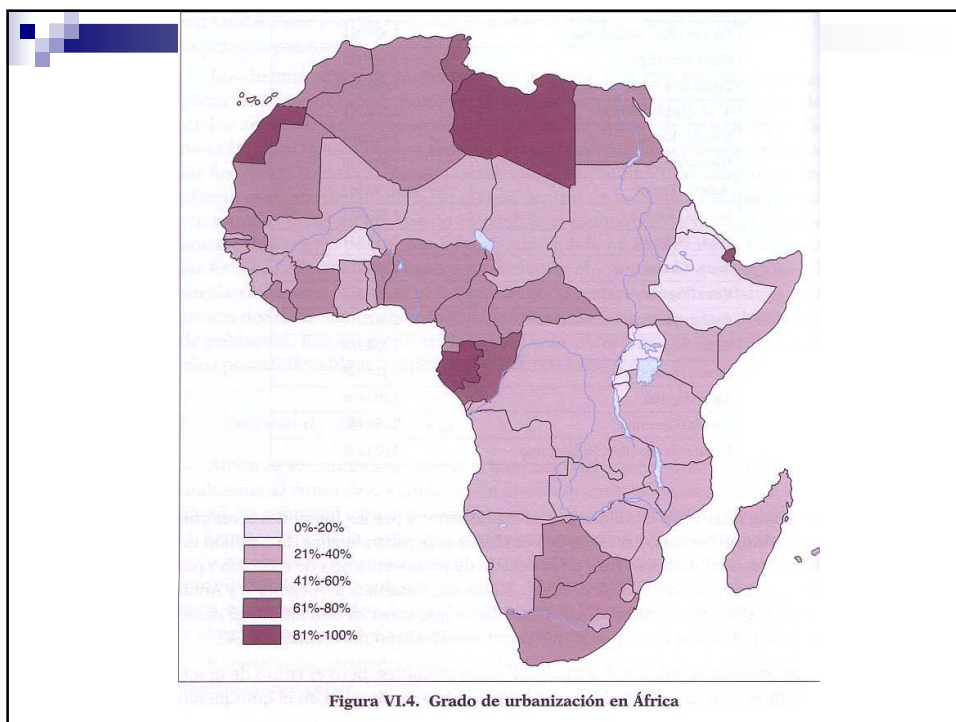
Fuente: Population Reference Bureau.

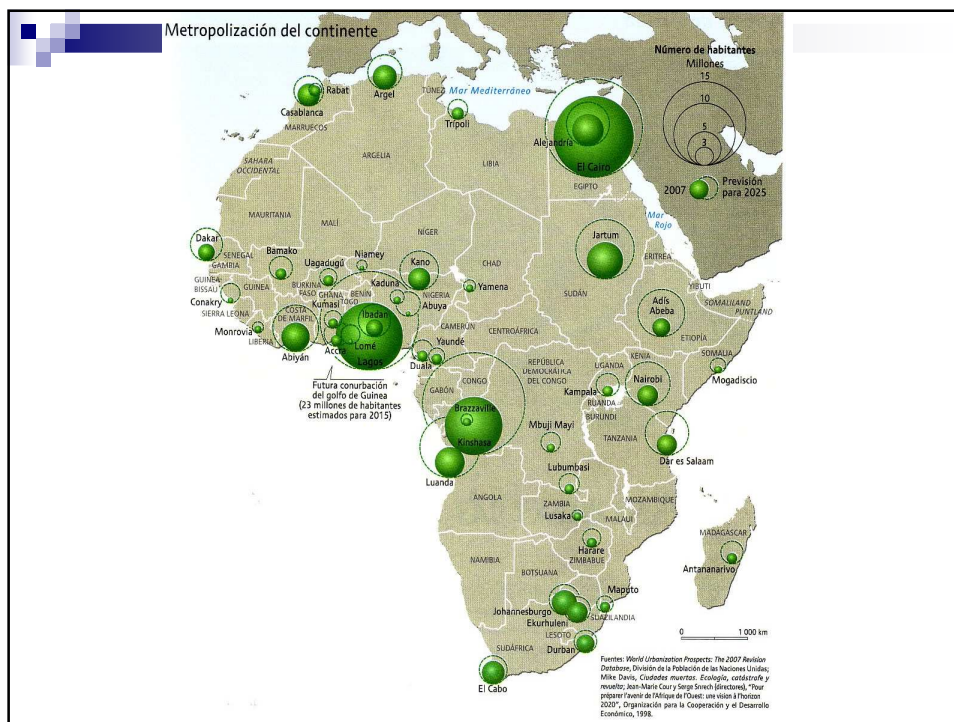
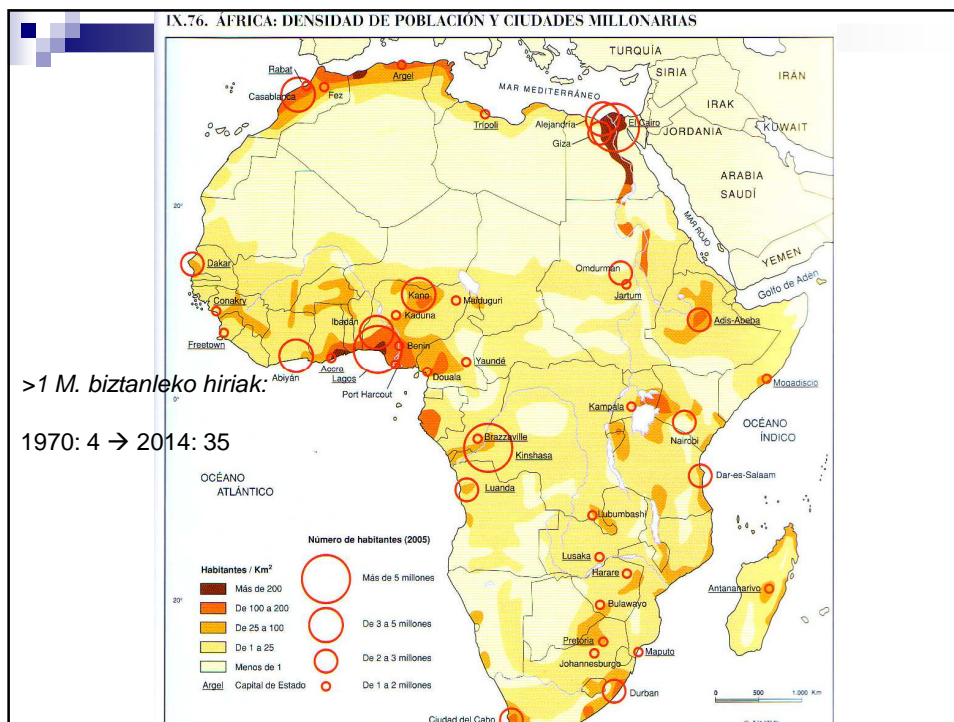






# HIRITARPENEA



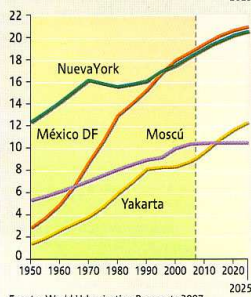
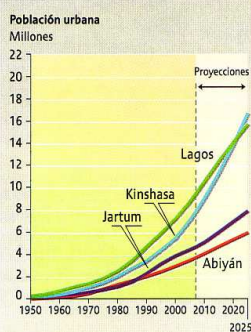




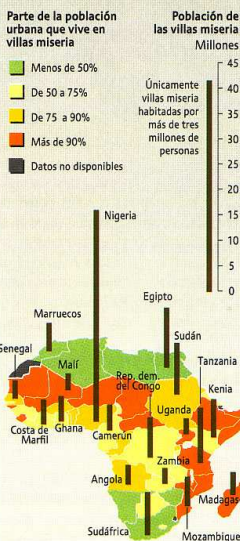
**VI.4. Ciudades africanas con más de 2,5 millones de hab. (2009)**

Lagos (Nigeria)	9.733.876	%6
Kinshasa (Rep. Dem. Congo)	9.518.988	%13
El Cairo (Egipto)	8.026.454	%10
Ibadán (Nigeria)	5.003.747	%3
Alejandro (Egipto)	4.317.398	%5
Abidján (Costa de Marfil)	4.011.262	%17
El Cabo (Rep. Sudafricana)	3.569.359	
Durban (Rep. Sudafricana)	3.409.081	
Giza/Gizeh (Egipto)	3.347.333	
Casablanca (Marruecos)	3.269.962	
Addis-Abeba (Etiopía)	3.230.771	
Nairobi (Kenia)	3.141.065	
Dar-es-Salaam (Tanzania)	3.092.430	
Nairobi (Kenia)	2.750.561	
Luanda (Angola)	2.583.981	
Dakar (Senegal)	2.535.431	
Accra (Ghana)	2.365.018	
Kano (Nigeria)	2.359.248	
Omdurman/Umm Durman (Sudán)	2.482.917	
Benin (Nigeria)	2.324.188	
Jartum (Sudán)	2.316.348	
Alger (Algeria)	2.203.698	
Douala (Camerún)	2.054.147	
Johannesburgo (Rep. Sudafricana)	2.023.456	

**Transición urbana...**

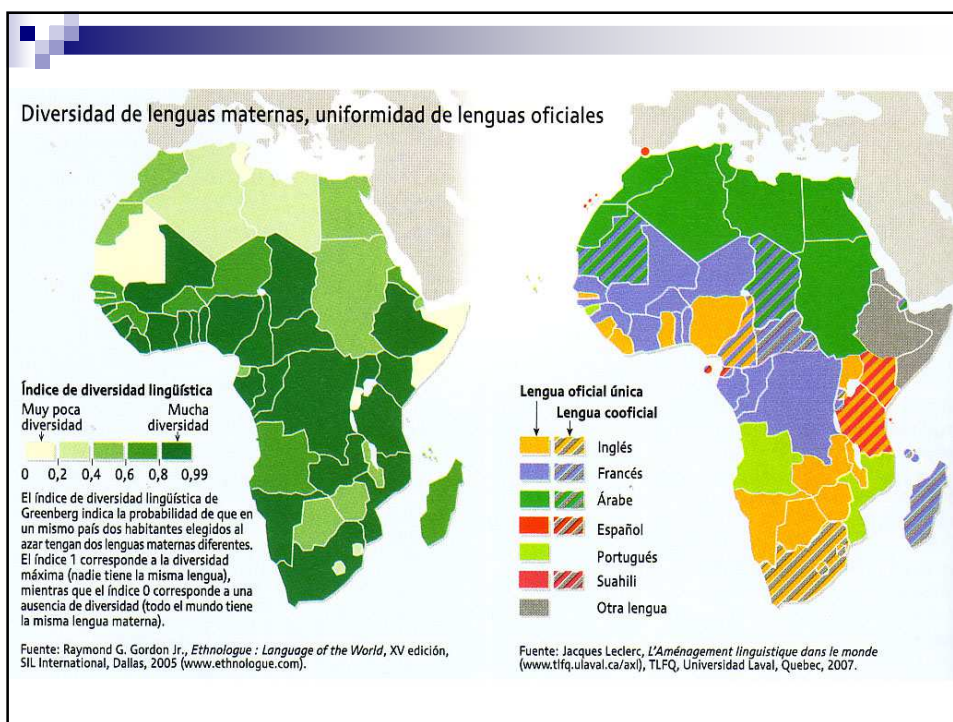


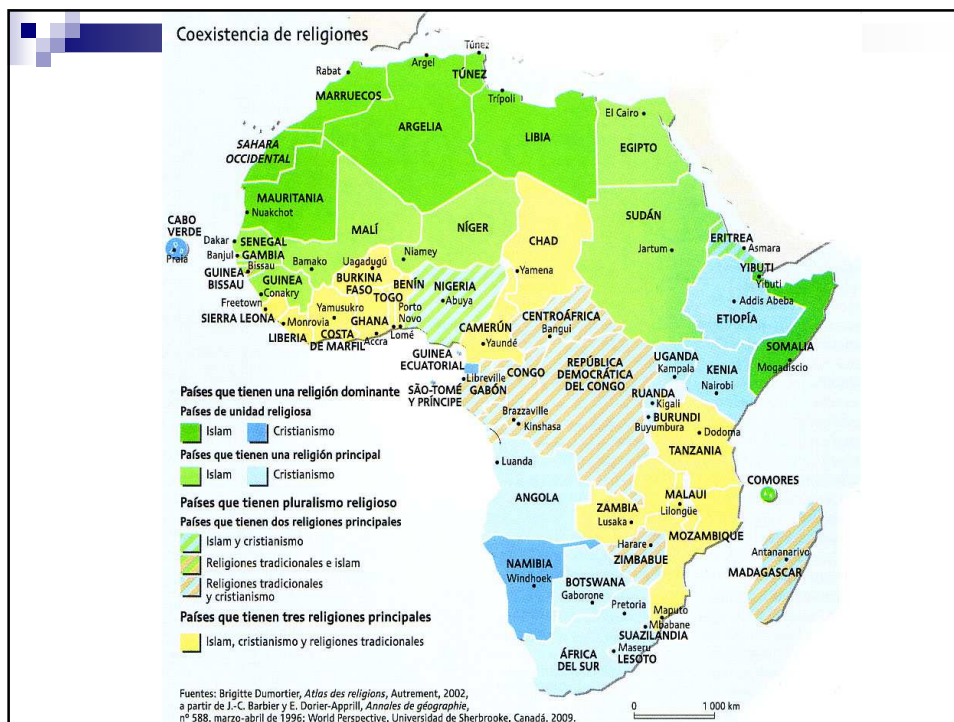
**... desigualmente finalizada**



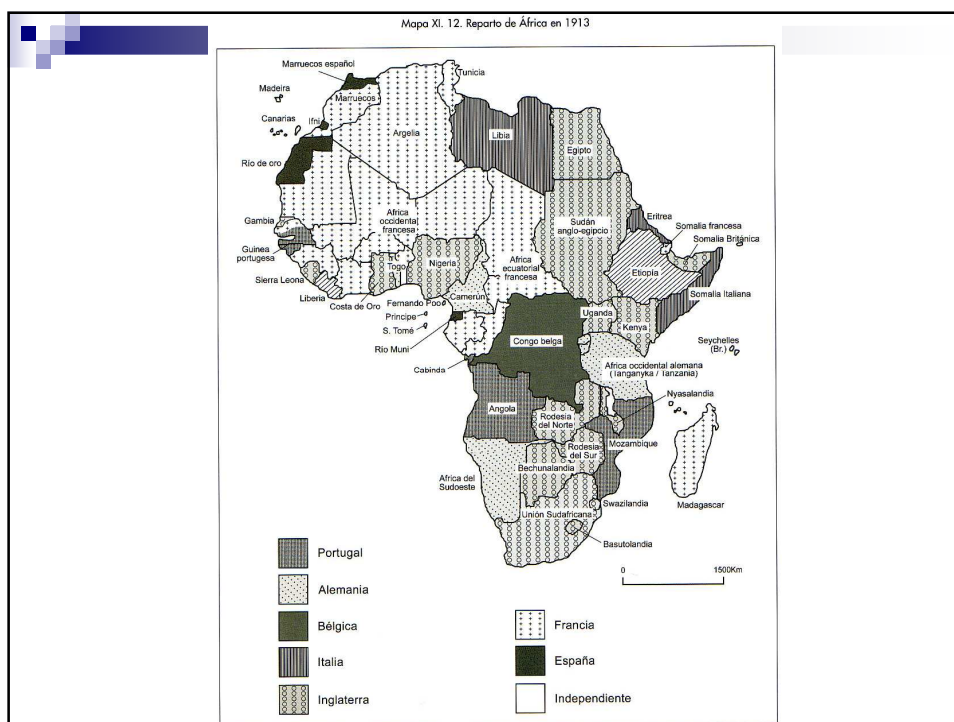
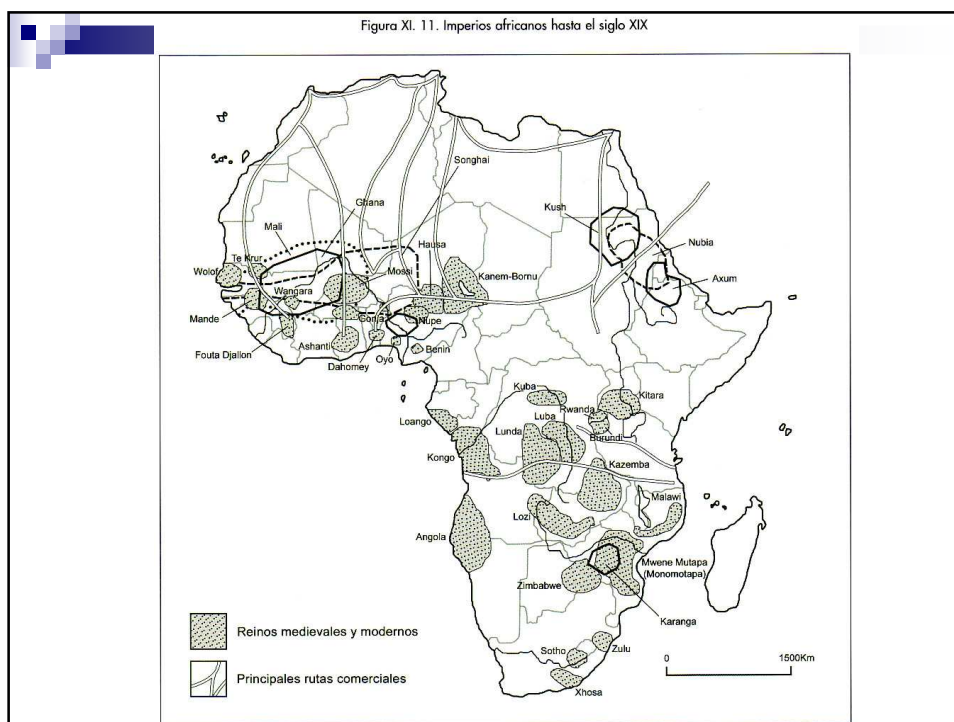
Fuentes: "Slums of the World: The face of urban poverty in the new millennium", ONU-Habitat, 2003 (estimaciones de 2001); base de datos Earthtrends du World Resources Institute (<http://earthtrends.wri.org>).

## POPULAZIOAREN DIBERTSITATEA

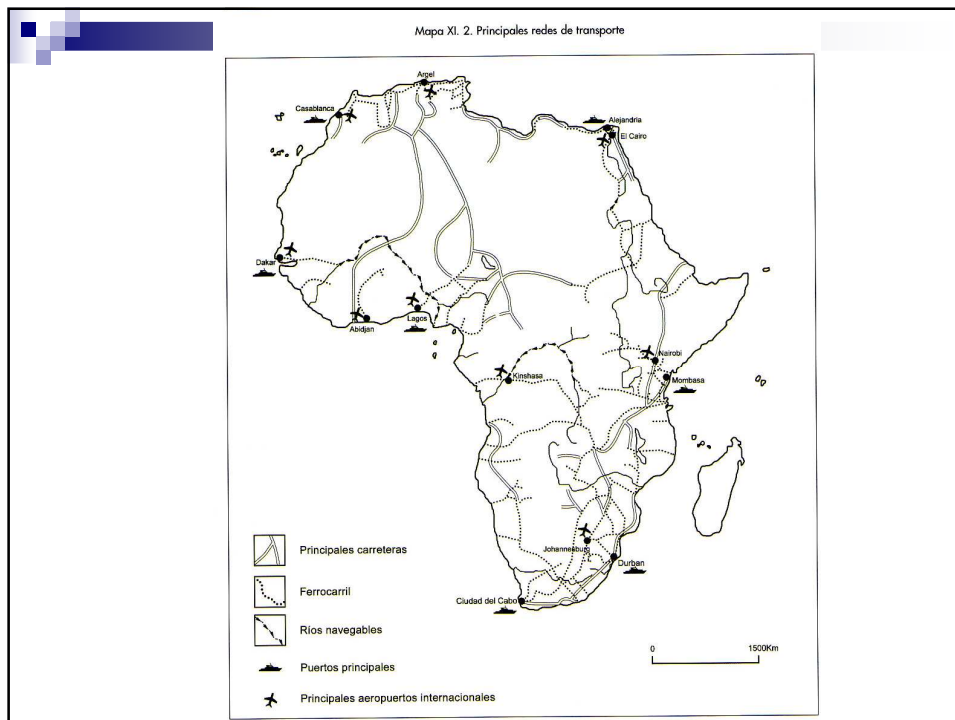
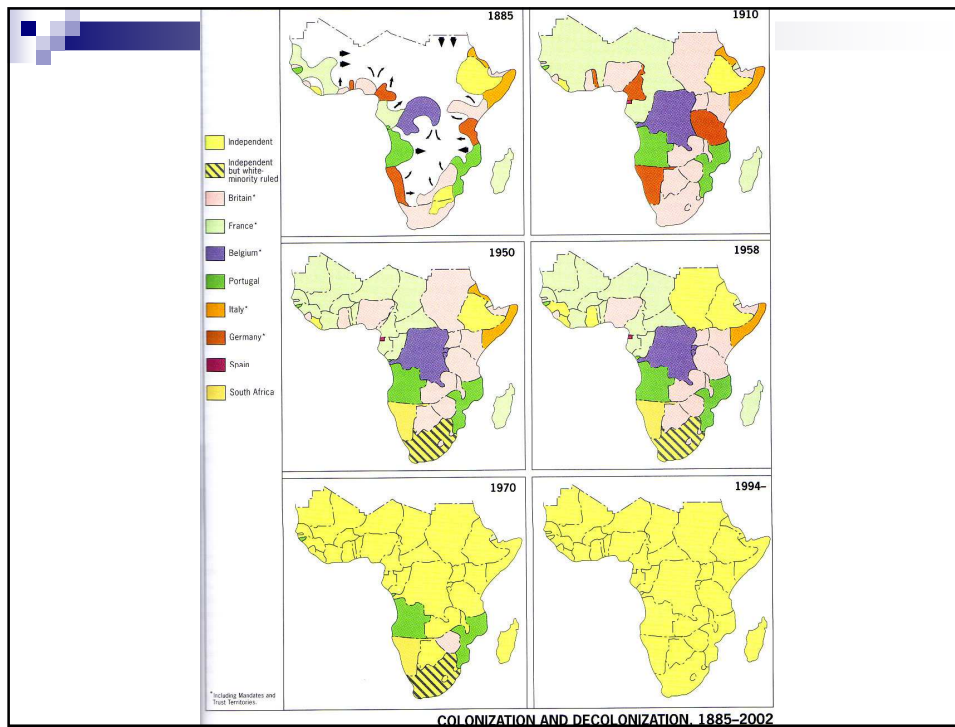




# KOLONIZAZIOA



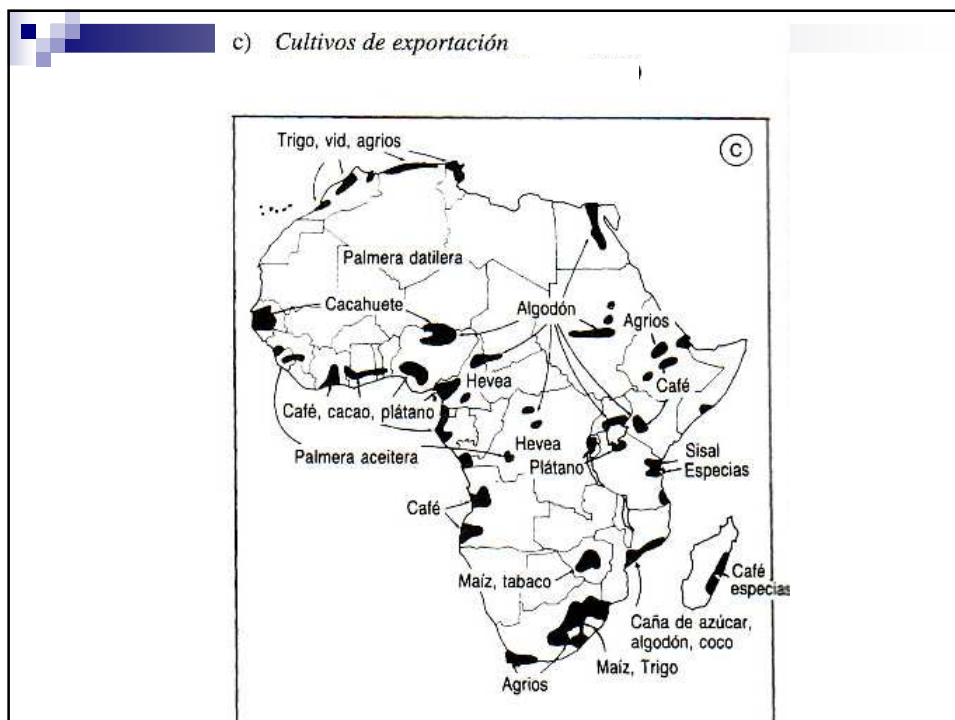
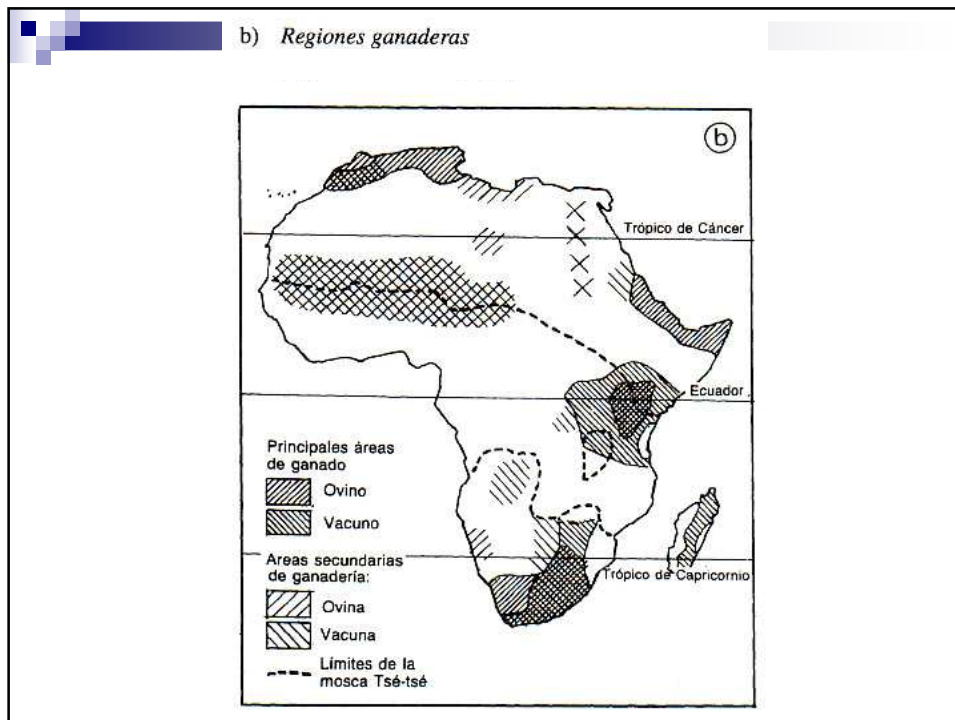




## NEKAZARITZA ETA LANDA ESPAZIOA

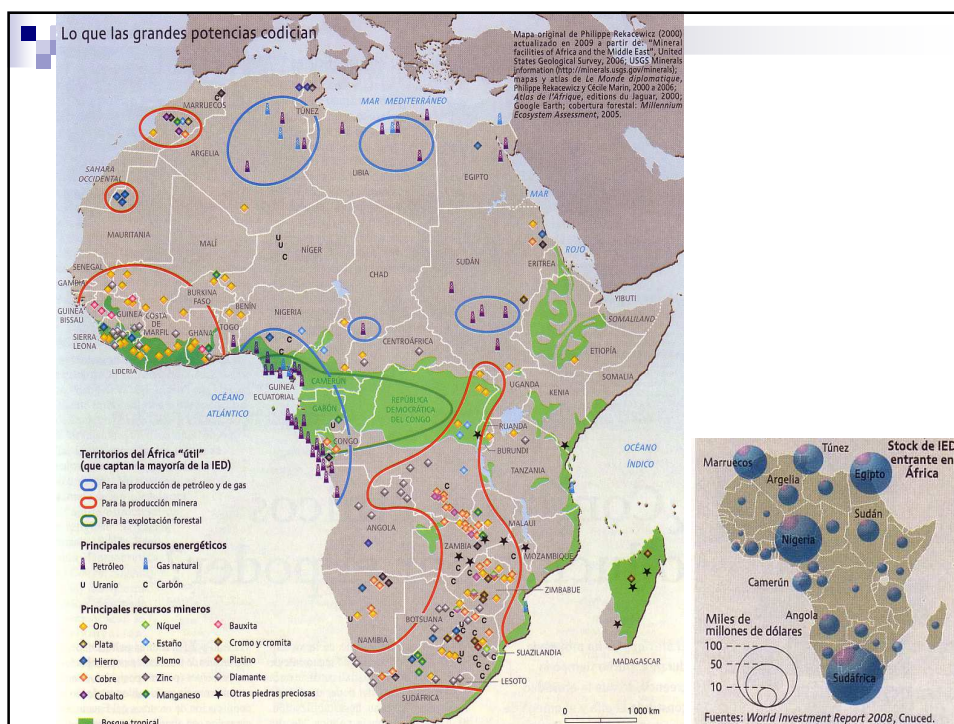
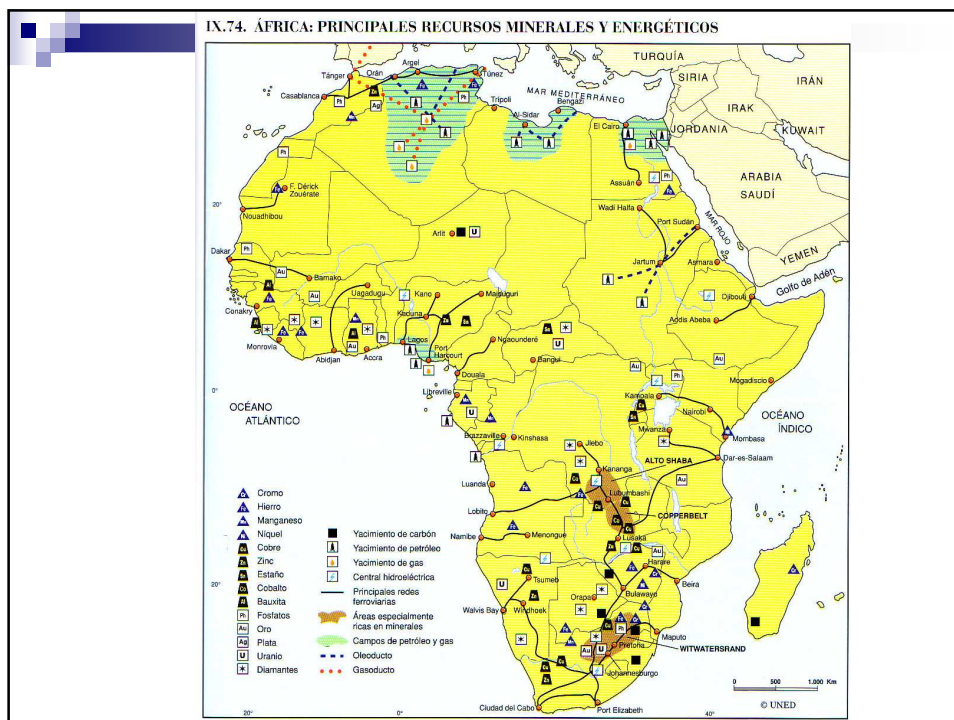
Tierras arables:	1,43 millones km <sup>2</sup>	=	6,0 %
Cultivos permanentes:	0,15 millones km <sup>2</sup>	=	0,6 %
Pastos permanentes:	8,15 millones km <sup>2</sup>	=	34,1 %
Bosques y monte abierto:	7,07 millones km <sup>2</sup>	=	29,6 %
Otras tierras:	7,10 millones km <sup>2</sup>	=	29,7 %
Total África subsahariana:	23,90 millones km <sup>2</sup>	=	100,0 %

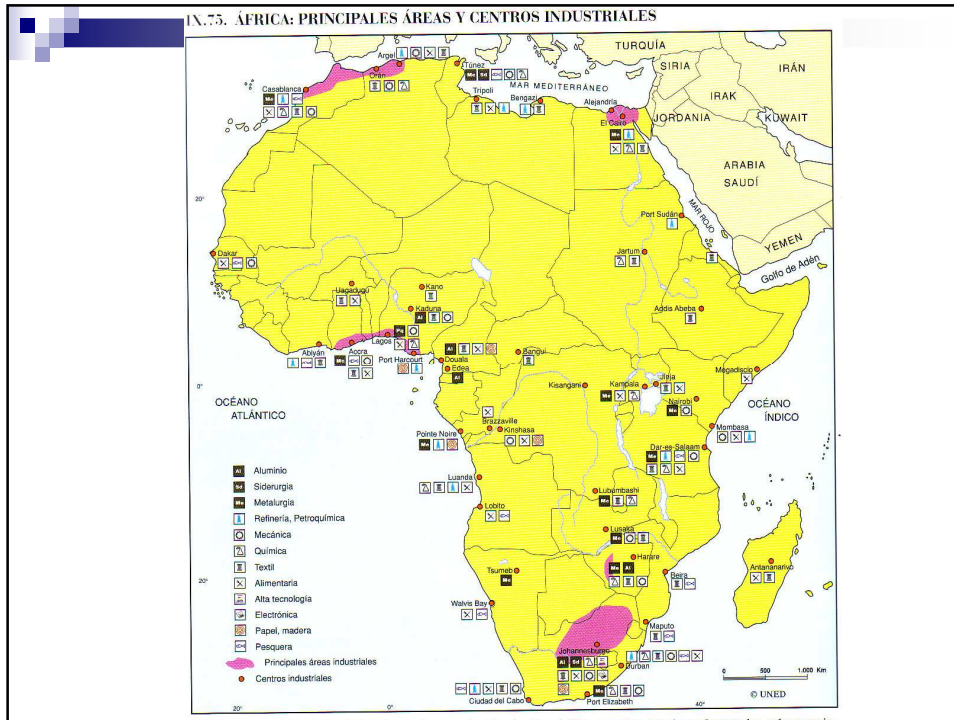
FUENTE: FAO, Anuario de Producción 1995.



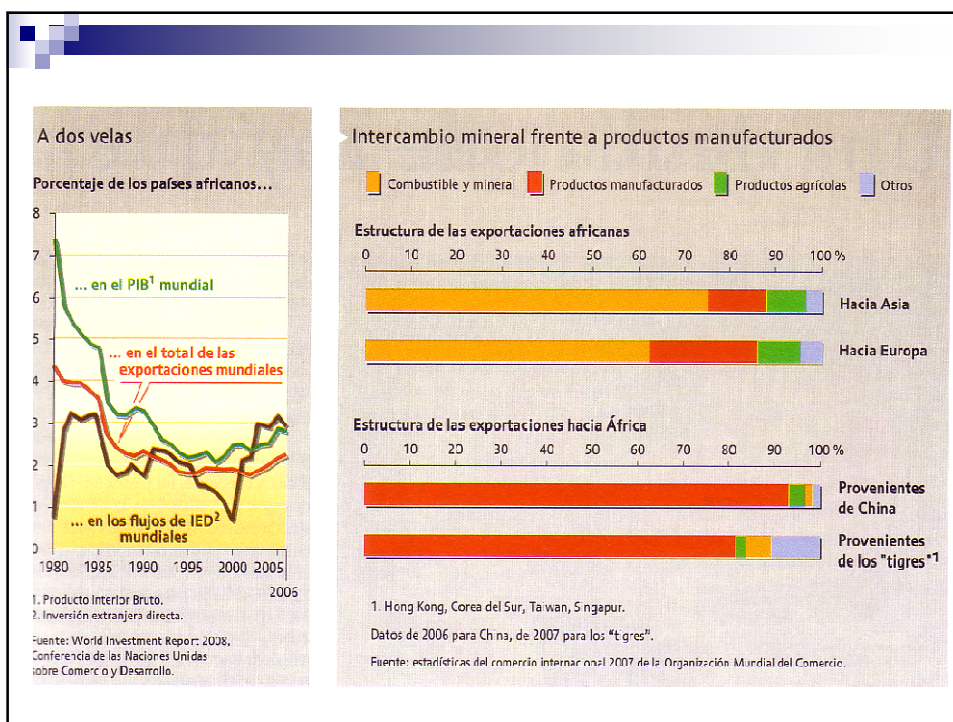
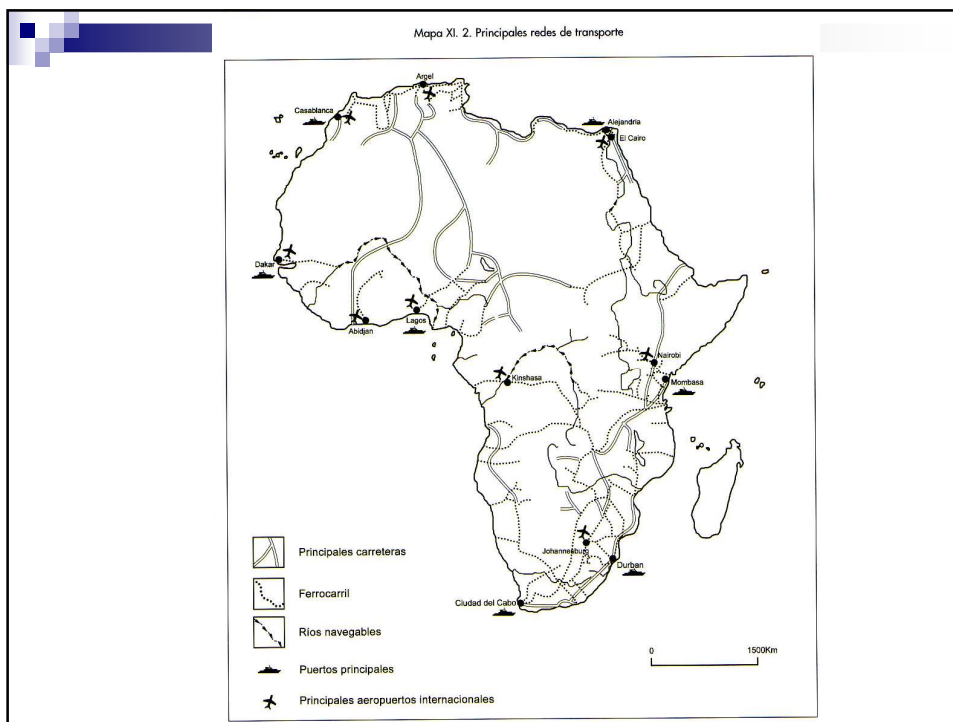




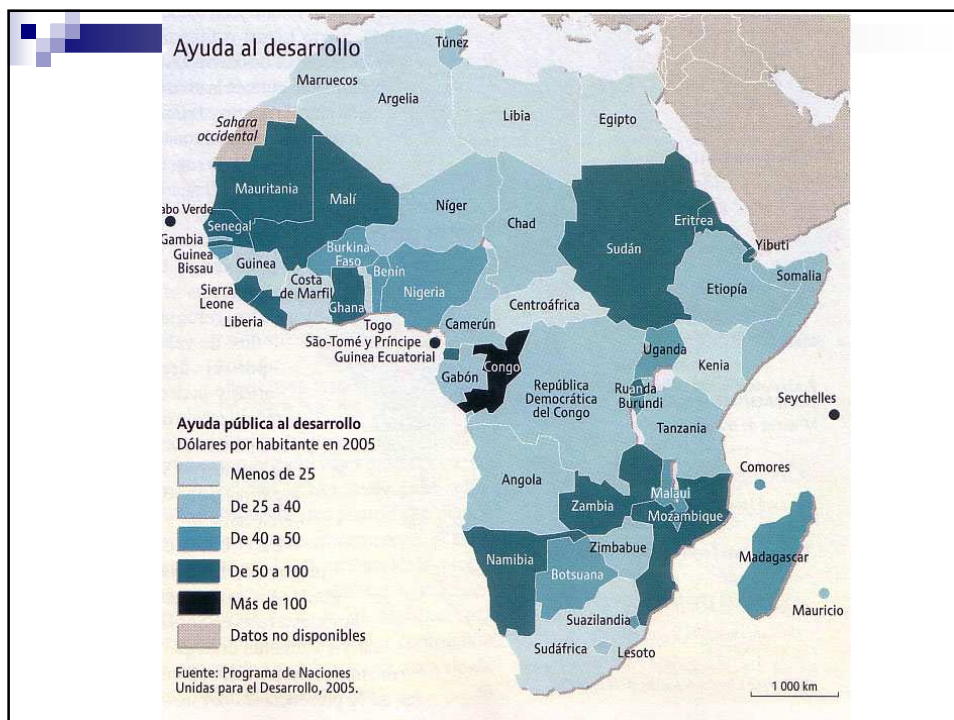
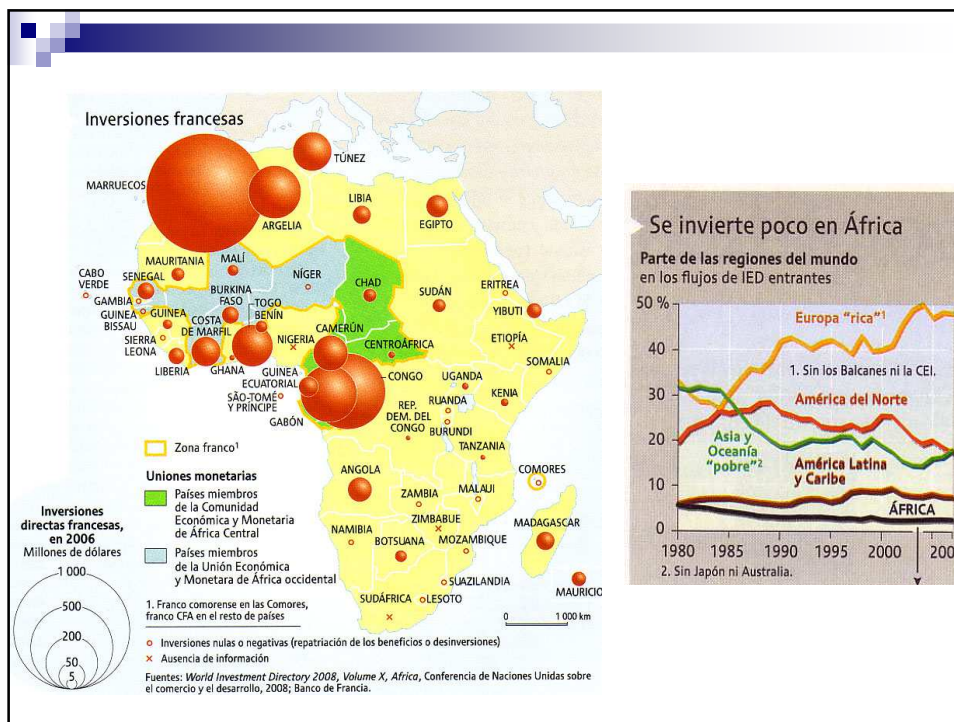




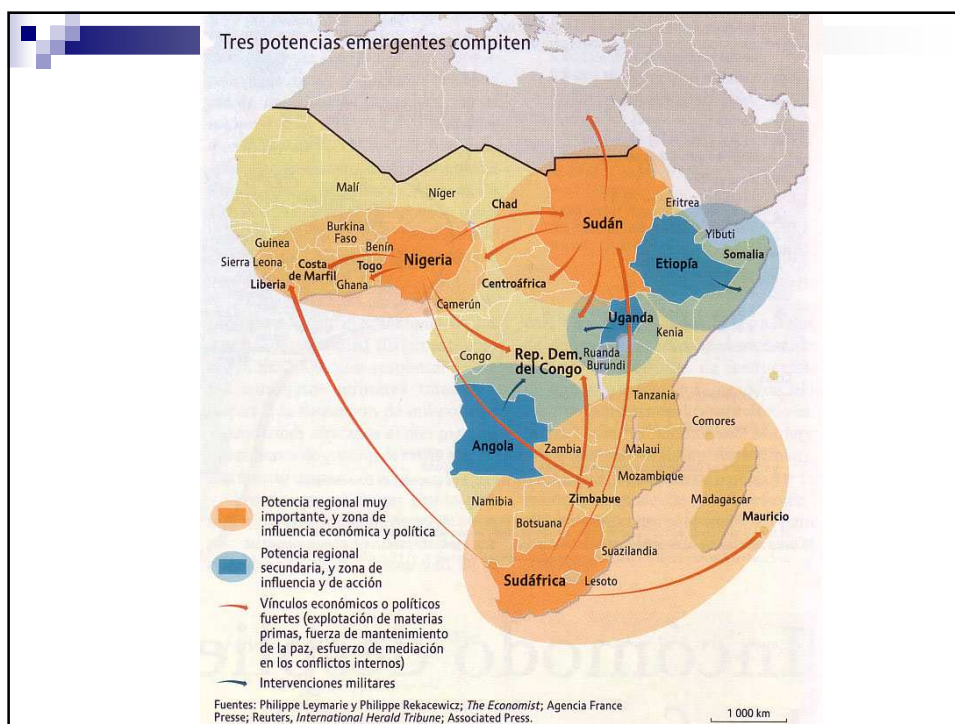
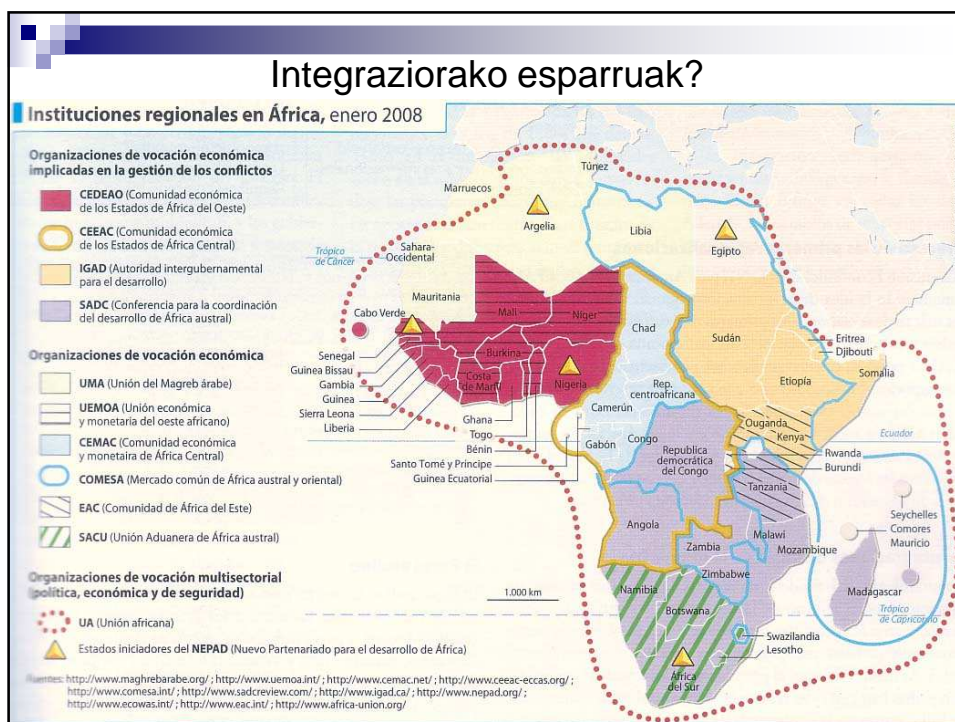
# EGOERA EKONOMIKOA

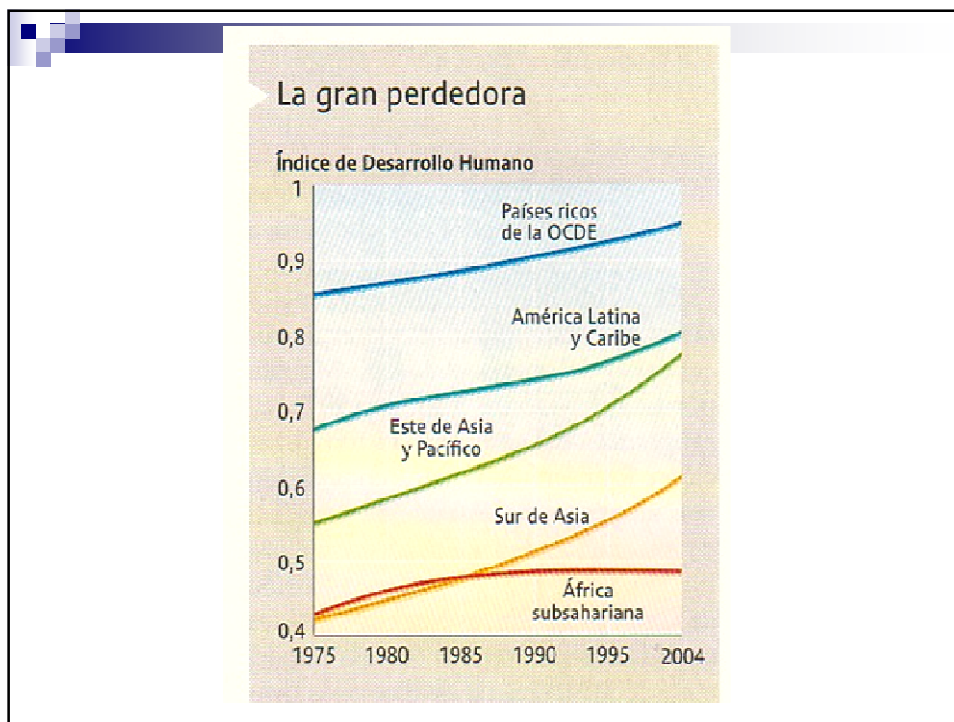
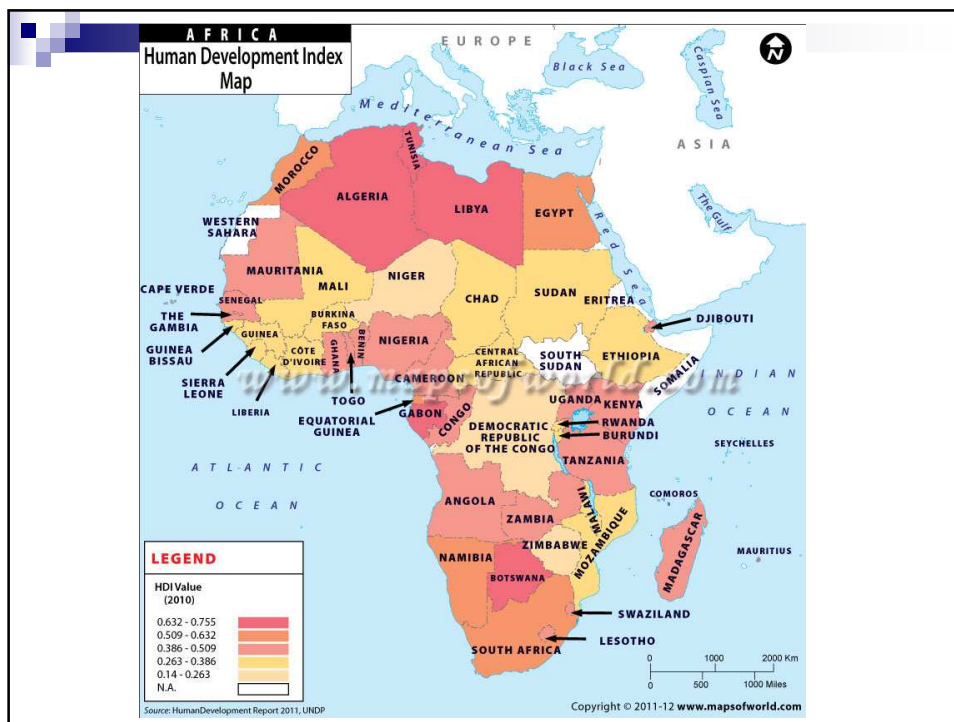


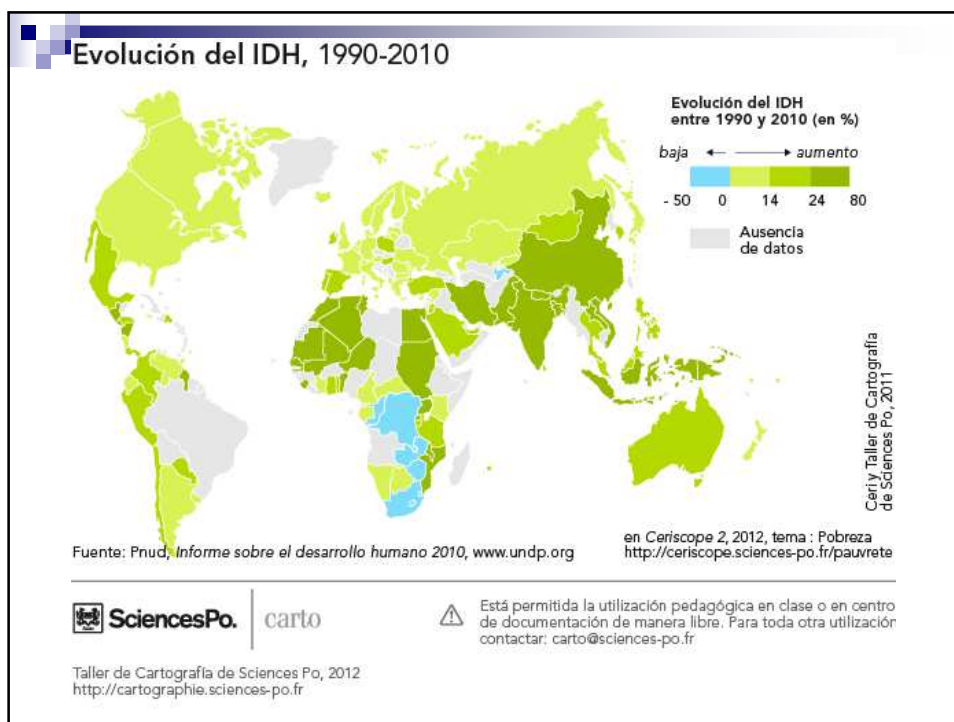












## ARAZOAK ETA GATAZKAK



